

# User's Manual

## KMDA-3201



Ver.A1.0

Date:20, November, 2018

[illegible]

## Copyright

The documentation and the software included with this product are copy- righted 2018 by Shenzhen JHC Technology Co., Ltd. All rights are reserved. Shenzhen JHC Technology Co., Ltd. reserves the right to make improvements in the products described in this manual at any time without notice. No part of this manual may be reproduced, copied, translated or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior written permission of Shenzhen JHC Technology Co., Ltd. Information provided in this manual is intended to be accurate and reliable. However, Shenzhen JHC Technology Co., Ltd. assumes no responsibility for its use, nor for any infringements of the rights of third parties, which may result from its use.

## Acknowledgements

Award is a trademark of Award Software International, Inc.

IBM, PC/AT, PS/2 and VGA are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation.

Intel, Skylake and Kabylake are trademarks of Intel Corporation.

Microsoft Windows and MS-DOS are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corp.

RTL is a trademark of Realtek Semi-Conductor Co., Ltd.

All other product names or trademarks are properties of their respective owners.

For more information on this and other JHC products, please visit our websites at:

<http://www.jhctech.com.cn>

## **Product Warranty (2 years)**

JHC warrants to you, the original purchaser, that each of its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for two years from the date of purchase.

This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by JHC, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation.

JHC assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

Because of JHC's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an JHC product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU speed, JHC products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any onscreen messages you get when the problem occurs.
2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return merchandise authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

## Declaration of Conformity

### CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications when shielded cables are used for external wiring. We recommend the use of shielded cables. This kind of cable is available from JHC. Please contact your local supplier for ordering information. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

### FCC Class A

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

## Technical Support and Assistance

- Step 1. Visit the JHC web site at [www.jhctech.com.cn](http://www.jhctech.com.cn) where you can find the latest information about the product.
- Step 2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or JHC's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
- Product name and serial number
  - Description of your peripheral attachments
    - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
  - A complete description of the problem
- The exact wording of any error messages

# CONTENTS

<b>General Information.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Introduction.....	2
1.2 Features.....	2
1.3 Specifications.....	3
1.3.1 General.....	3
1.3.2 Display.....	3
1.3.3 Ethernet.....	3
1.3.4 Audio .....	3
1.3.5 Power Consumption.....	3
1.4 Environmental Specifications.....	4
1.5 3201 Series Specifications.....	4
1.6 Mechanical Specifications.....	5
<b>Hardware Installation .....</b>	<b>8</b>
2.1 Introduction.....	9
2.2 Jumpers and Connectors .....	9
2.2.1 Setting Jumpers.....	9
2.3 Jumper Location .....	10
2.3.1 SW2-Clear CMOS Data .....	12
2.3.2 SW1- AT/ATX Power on mode selection .....	13
2.3.3 J_Panel1- LVDS screen power supply selection jumper .....	13
2.4 I/O/Button/LED Indication.....	14
2.4.1 Ethernet Connector (LAN) .....	14
2.4.2 USB Connector.....	15
2.4.3 HDMI.....	16
2.4.4 DP .....	17
2.4.5 DIO Connector.....	17
2.4.6 Power Input Connector (DC-IN) .....	18

2.4.7 COM1/2 Connector .....	19
2.4.8 COM3/4/5/6 Connector .....	19
2.4.9 Remote Switch signal Connector.....	20
2.4.10 LED.....	20
2.5 Installation .....	21
2.5.1 HDD/SSD Installation .....	21
2.5.2 Installing mini-PCIe.....	24
2.5.3 Installing MSATA .....	26
2.5.4 Installing M.2.....	27
<b>BIOS Setup.....</b>	<b>31</b>
3.1 BIOS Description.....	32
3.1.1 Entering the Setup Utility .....	32
3.2 BIOS parameter settings .....	33
3.2.1 BIOS Navigation Keys .....	34
3.2.2 Main Menu.....	34
3.2.3 Advanced Menu .....	36
3.2.4 Chipset Menu.....	48
3.2.5 Security menu .....	56
3.2.6 Boot menu.....	57
3.2.7 Save & Exit menu .....	58
3.3 Updating the BIOS .....	59
<b>Driver Installation .....</b>	<b>61</b>
4.1 Follow the sequence below to install the drivers:.....	62
4.2 Installation: .....	62
4.3 CPU TEMP LED driver.....	63
4.4 Utility Software Reference .....	64
<b>SYSTEM RESOURCE.....</b>	<b>65</b>
5.1 WDT and GPIO .....	66

CHAPTER

1

**General Information**



## 1.1 Introduction

KMDA-3201 is a new industrial design Box Computer of JHCTECH, with aluminum chassis and fanless design. It powered by the Gen. 6<sup>th</sup> Intel® Skylake-U/Gen. 7<sup>th</sup> Intel® Kabylake-U CPU. It supports dual channel DDR4 2133MHz memory, up to 32GB. It features gen.9<sup>th</sup> Intel® HD Graphics.

KMDA-3201 offers 1\*HDMI, 1\*DP, dual 4K display, 2/3\*GbE LANs, 7\*USB (1 inside), 4/6\*COM, 16-bit Iso. DIO, 8-bit DIO, 1\*F-Mini PCIe with SIM slot, 1\*M.2 2242 B-key with SIM slot, which supports 2\*4G LTE/Wifi/BT. 1\*mSATA, 1/2\*2.5" SATA HDD/SSD are used for storage, The SATA HDD/SSD is cooled by aluminum chassis. DC 9~30V wide power input, It is widely used for AI, Intelligent Transportation (ITS), and Machine Vision.

## 1.2 Features

### Key Features

- Universal aluminum chassis, fanless Cooling
- Intel® Skylake-U/Kabylake-U Celeron/Core I3/I5/I7 CPU
- 2\*260-pin SODIMM, dual channel DDR4 2133MHz, up to 32GB
- 1\*F-mini PCIe with SIM slot, support 4G LTE and Wifi/BT
- 1/2\*2.5" SATA HDD/SSD bay, 1\*mSATA, 1\*M.2 2242 B-key for storage
- 1\*DP, 1\*HDMI, dual 4K display
- Realtek ALC662VD controller, Audio out, supports 5.1 channel
- 2\*Intel I211AT, 1\*Intel I219LM, supports ivPro technology
- 8-bit DIO, optional 16-bit Iso. DIO, 4\*USB3.0, 3\*USB2.0, 4/6\*COM
- 1\*I-port, optional 1\*LVDS, 2\*USB2.0, or Mini-PCIe ports (such as serial ports, CAN, and parallel ports), TPM 2.0
- DC 9~30V, CPU temp. show in LED

*(Note: KMDA-3201-T00X has 2\*LAN, 4\*COM; 3855U only supports 1\*SATA bay)*

## 1.3 Specifications

### 1.3.1 General

**CPU:** Intel® Skylake-U/Kabylake-U Celeron/Core I3/I5/I7 CPU

**System Memory:** 2\*DDR4 2133MHz SODIMM, Up to 32GB

**Watchdog Timer:** 255-level interval timer, setup by software

**Serial Ports:** 2\* RS232/422/485 DB9 male, 2/4\*RS232 DB9 male

**USB:** 4\*USB 3.0 Type A ports(front), 2\*USB2.0 Type A ports(rear), 1\*USB 2.0 Type A port (inside)

**Expansion Interface:**

1\*Full size Mini PCIe (PCIeX1+USB) with SIM slot

1\*M.2 2242 B-key (PCIeX1+USB) with SIM slot

**Storage:**1\* mSATA, 1\*M.2 2242 B-key

1/2\*2.5" SATA HDD/SSD bay

### 1.3.2 Display

**Chipset:** Gen. 9<sup>th</sup> Intel® HD Graphics

**Display Memory:** Shared system memory

**Resolution:** HDMI 3940x2160@30Hz; DP 4096x2160@60Hz

### 1.3.3 Ethernet

**Chipset:** 2\*Intel® I211AT Ethernet controllers, 1\* Intel® I219LM Ethernet controller

**Speed:** 10/100/1000 Mbps Integrated

**Interface:** 3\*RJ45

### 1.3.4 Audio

**Chipset:** Realtek ALC662VD controller

**Interface:** 1\*Audio out, 3.5mm phone jack

### 1.3.5 Power Consumption

**Input Voltage:** DC 9~30V Input

**Power Consumption:** TDP 12/2.31A (I5-7200U CPU, 2\*4GB RAM, 256G SSD)

**Power Adapter:** AC to DC 12V/5A, 60W

**Power Requirement:** Minimum power input DC 12V/3A

## 1.4 Environmental Specifications

**Operating temperature:**

-20 ~ 70° C (Fanless, SSD, Airflow)

-10 ~ 50° C (Fanless, HDD, Airflow)

**Relative humidity:** 10~90% @ 40°C (non-condensing)

**Storage temperature:** -40 ~ 85°C (-40 ~ 185°F)

**Vibration loading during operation:**

With SSD: 5.0 Grms, random, 5 ~ 500 Hz

With HDD: 1.0 Grms, random, 5 ~ 500 Hz

**Shock during operation:**

With SSD: 50g, peak acceleration (11 ms duration)

With HDD: 20g peak acceleration (11 ms duration)

**EMC:** CE, FCC Class A

## 1.5 3201 Series Specifications

Model NO.	3201-S00X	3201-T00X
CPU	Intel® Skylake-U/Kabylake-U Celeron/Core I3/I5/I7 CPU	Intel® Skylake-U/Kabylake-U Celeron/Core I3/I5/I7 CPU
DDR4	2	2
LAN	3	2
USB	4*USB3.0 3*USB2.0	4*USB3.0 3*USB2.0
COM	6	4
DIO/bit	16-bit iso. + 8-bit	8-bit
Display	1*HDMI, 1*DP	1*HDMI, 1*DP
I-port	1	1
Audio out	1	1
Expansion	1*mini-PCIe 1*M.2 1*mSATA	1*mini-PCIe 1*M.2 1*mSATA

## 1.6 Mechanical Specifications

The KMDA-3201 new industrial design Box computer of JHCTECH, consists of a JHC SBC(STX-I902) and a sub-card (ECB-148).

The specific combination is as follows:

Model No.	KMDA-3201-S00X	KMDA-3201-T00X
STX-I902-S00X	✓	✗
STX-I902-T001	✗	✓
ECB-148	✓	✗

### Main Board Front(STX-I902)

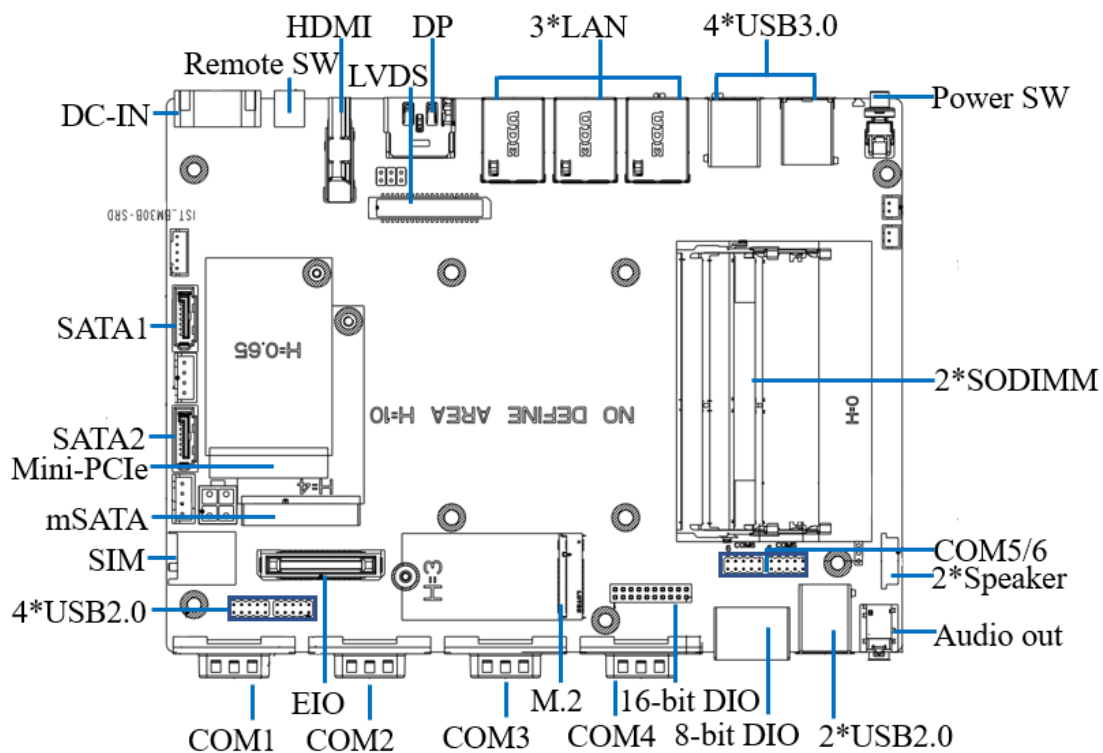


Figure 1.1

## Main Board Rear(STX-I902)

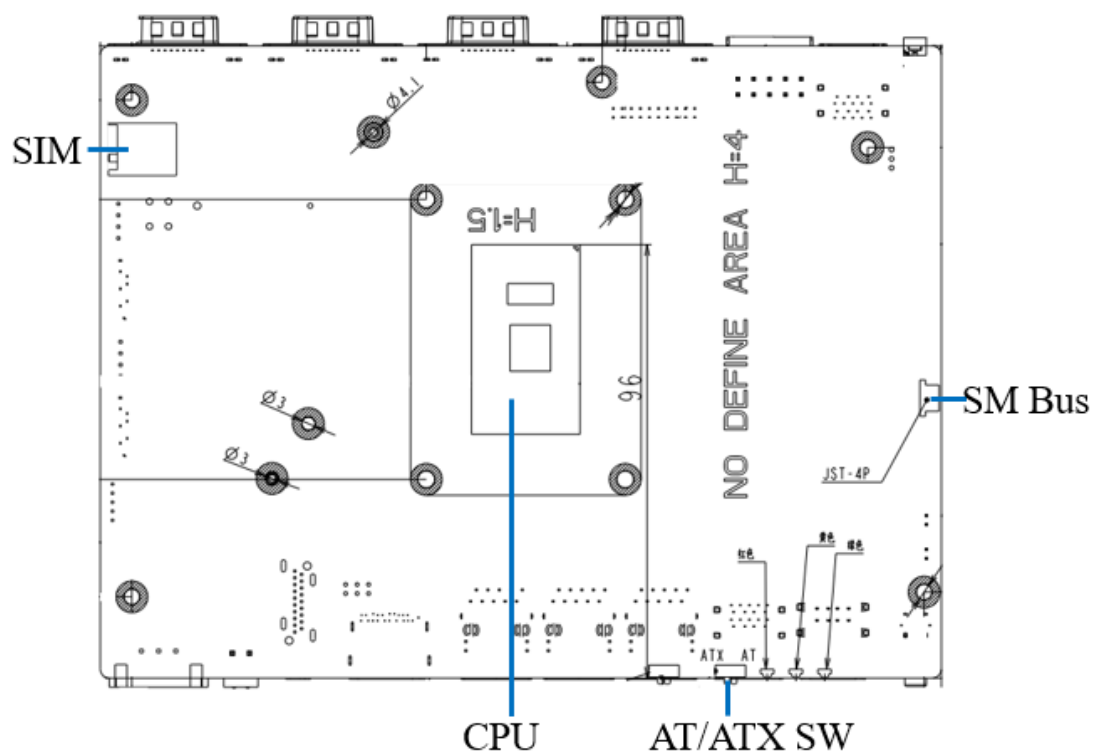


Figure 1.2

## Sub-card (ECB-148)

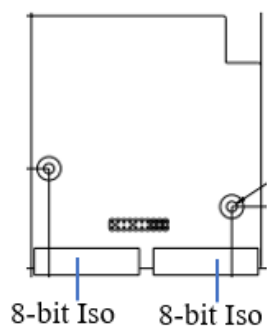


Figure 1.3

### KMDA-3201 Dimension:

Unit: mm

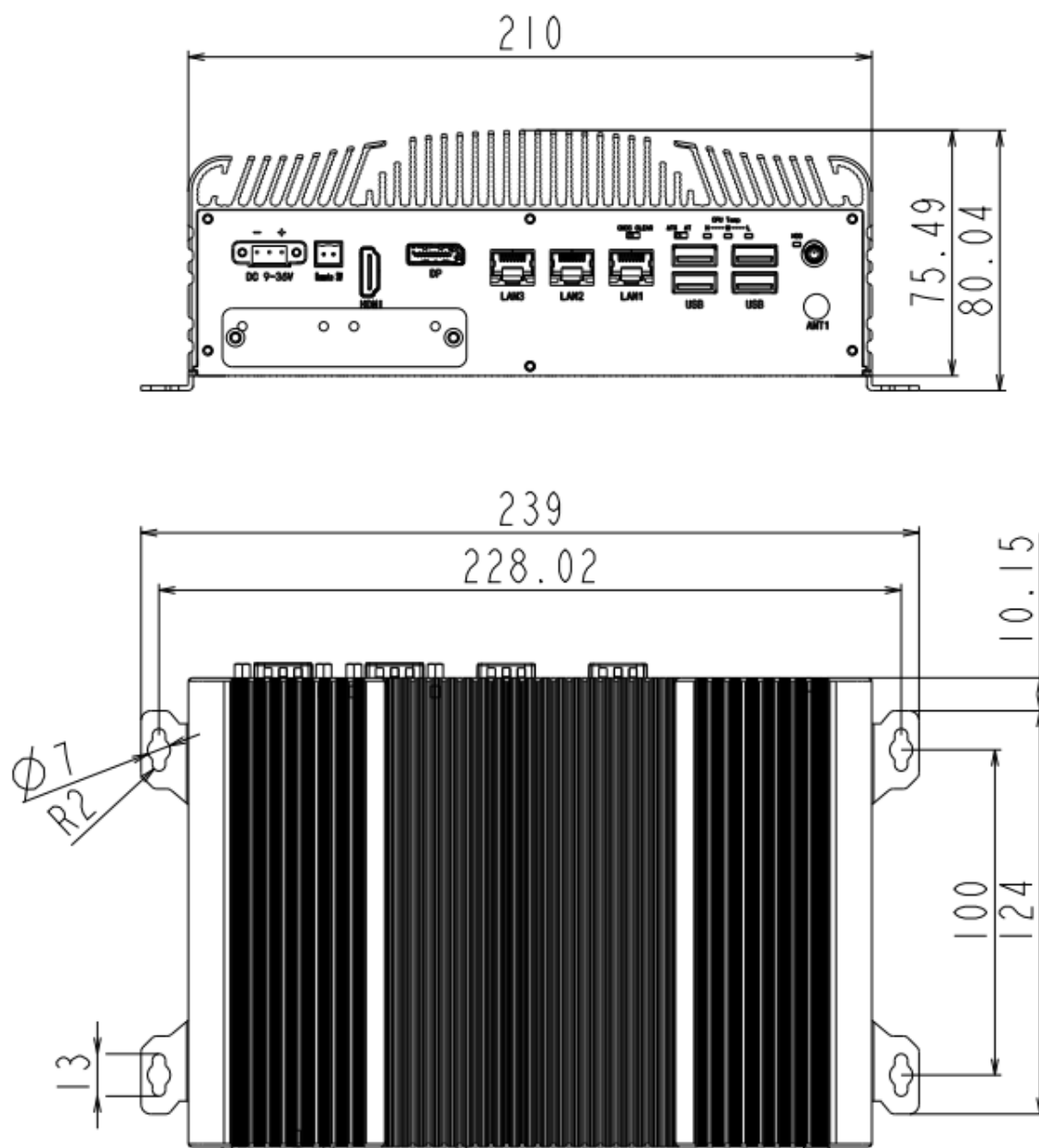


Figure 1.4

CHAPTER

2



## Hardware Installation

## 2.1 Introduction

The following sections show the internal jumper/switch settings and the external connectors and pin assignments for applications.

The KMDA-3201 new industrial design Box computer of JHCTECH, consists of a JHC SBC(STX-I902) and a sub-card (ECB-148).

The specific combination is as follows:

Model No.	KMDA-3201-S00X	KMDA-3201-T00X
STX-I902-S001	✓	✗
STX-I902-T001	✗	✓
ECB-148	✓	✗

## 2.2 Jumpers and Connectors

### 2.2.1 Setting Jumpers

You can configure your KMDA-3201 to match the needs of your application by setting the jumpers or switches. A jumper is the simplest kind of electrical switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To —close “a jumper, you connect the pins with the clip”. To —open “a jumper you remove the clip”. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case, you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or pins 2 and 3.

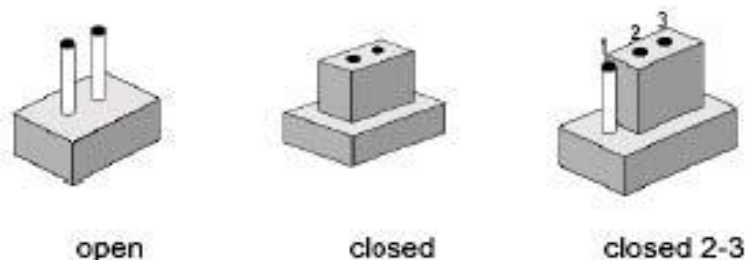


Figure 2.1

The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:



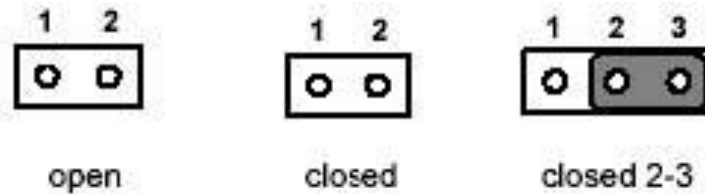


Figure 2.2

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers. If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

## 2.3 Jumper Location

The KMDA-3201 Box Computer has a number of jumpers or switches inside the chassis that allows you to configure your system to suit your application. The table below shows the function of each of the board's jumpers:

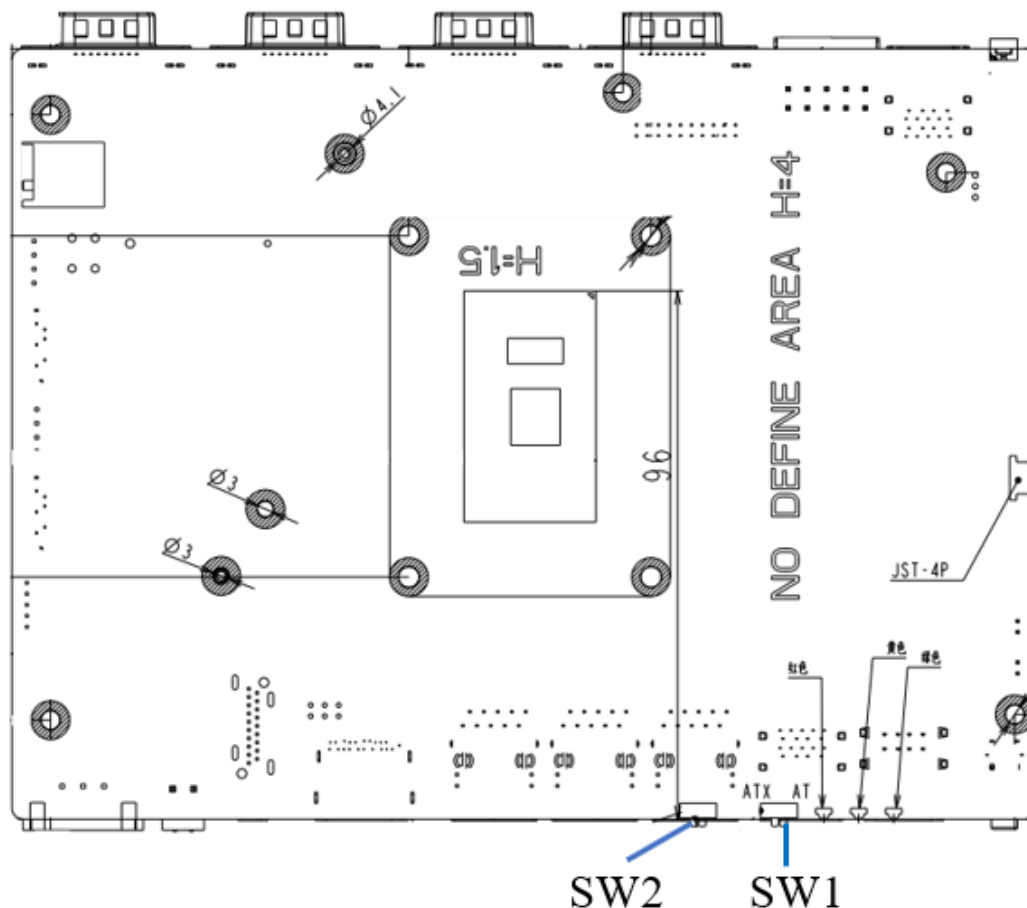


Figure 2.3

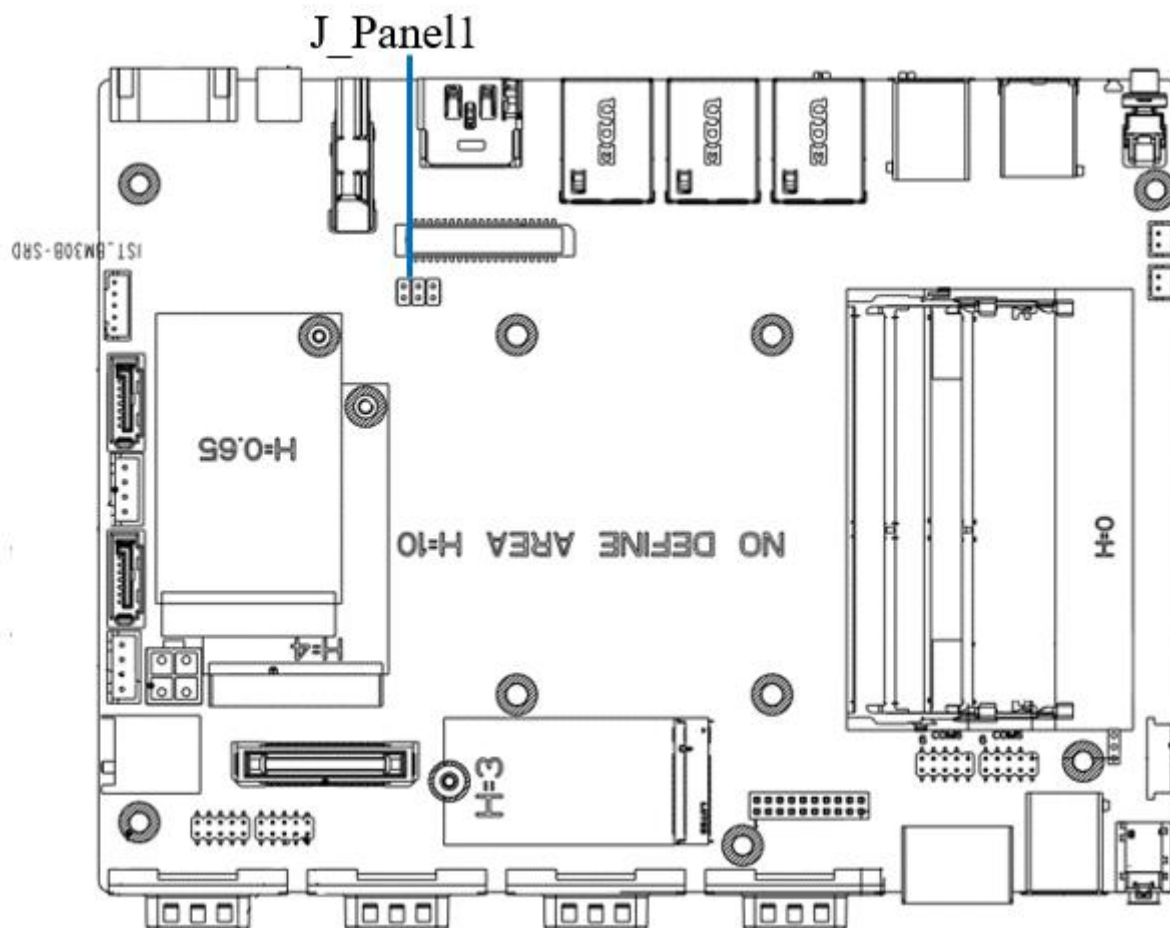


Figure 2.4

## Jumpers

Jumper	Name	Description
SW2	Clear CMOS Data Setting	3-Pin Switch
SW1	Set Power-on mode at AT or ATX	3-Pin Switch
J_Pane11	LVDS screen power supply selection jumper	6-Pin Block

### 2.3.1 SW2-Clear CMOS Data

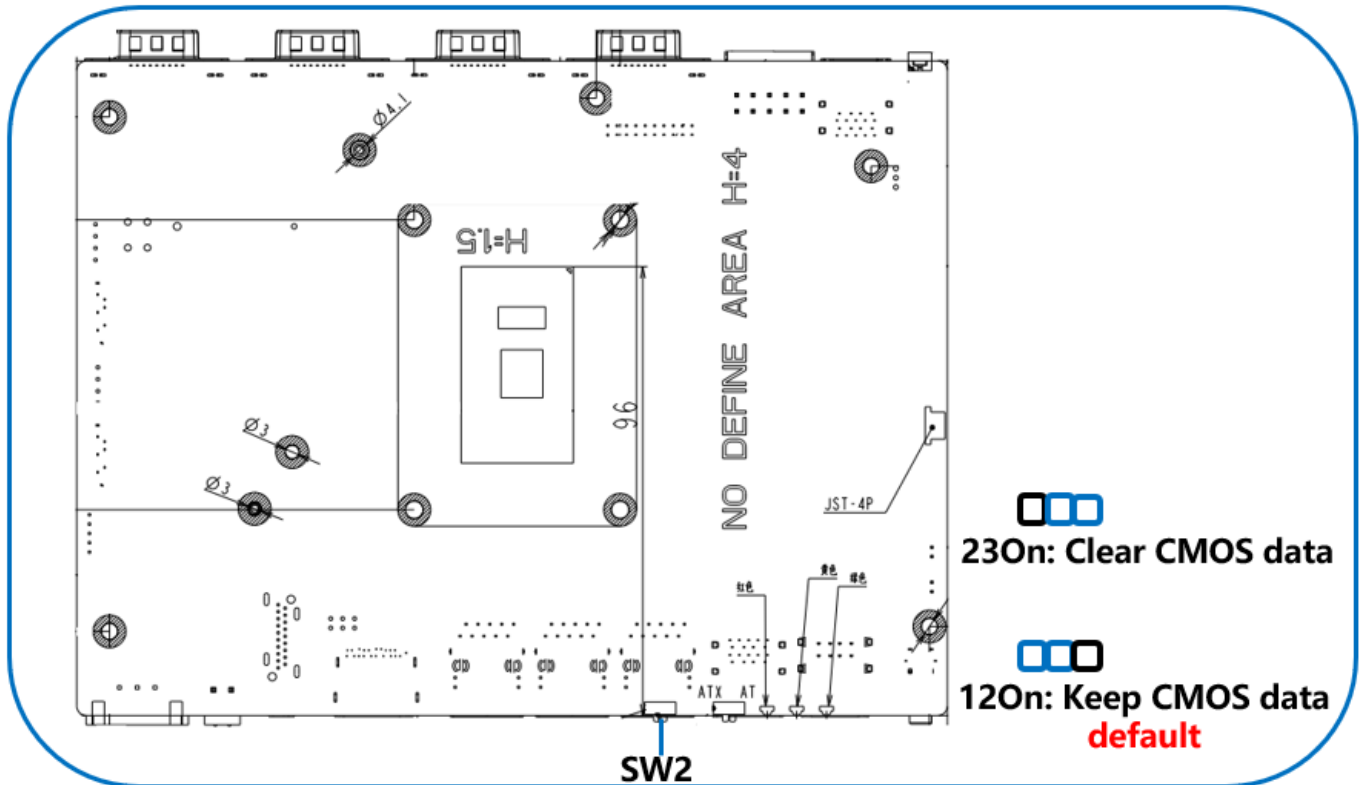


Figure 2.5

If you encounter the followings

- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forget the supervisor or user password.

you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Set CMOS pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set CMOS back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
3. Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

### 2.3.2 SW1- AT/ATX Power on mode selection

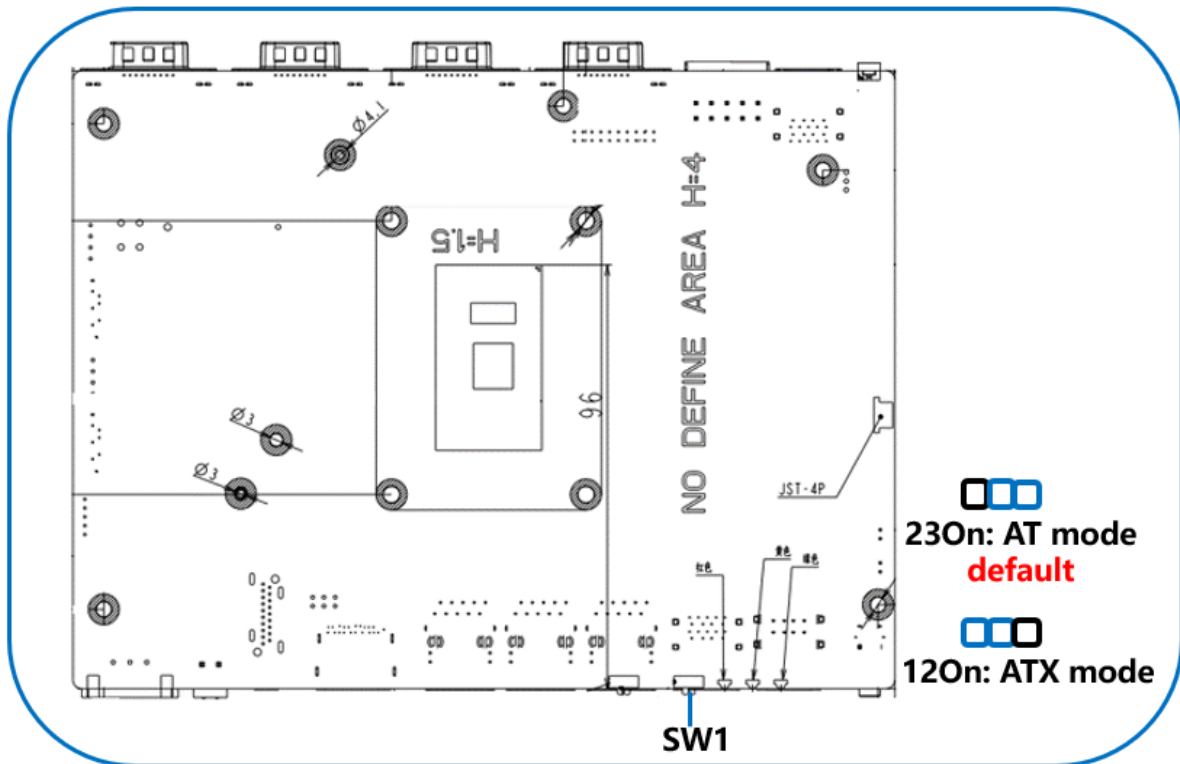


Figure 2.6

The KMDA-3201 provides a AT/ATX SW, which users can set Power-on mode by it. When you dial it at AT, it means power on by AC Power; When you dial it at ATX, it means power on by Power button.

### 2.3.3 J\_Panel1- LVDS screen power supply selection jumper

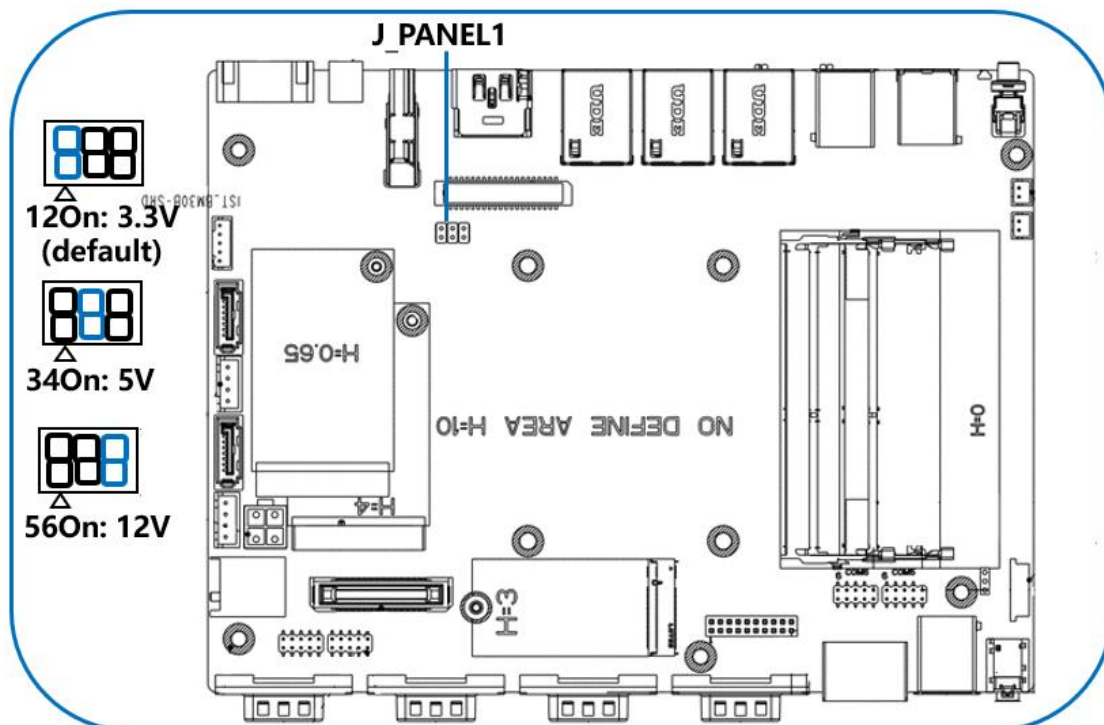


Figure 2.7

J\_PANEL is used to select the power supplied of LVDS panel.

## 2.4 I/O/Button/LED Indication

NOTE: I/O Indication takes KMDA-3201-S00X for example, Other sub-series products only have different number of interfaces.

Front view:

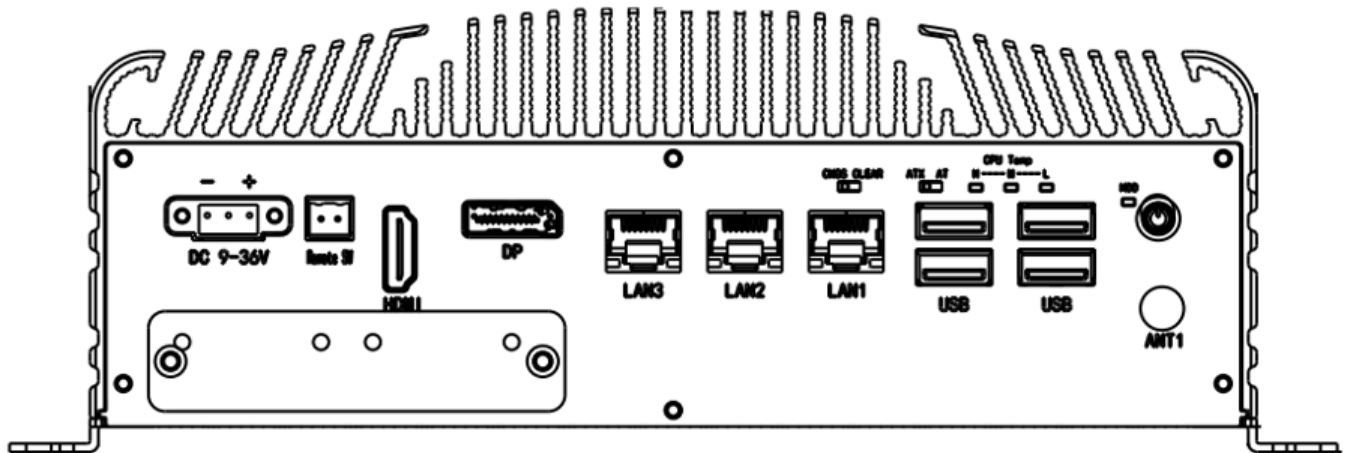


Figure 2.8

Rear view:

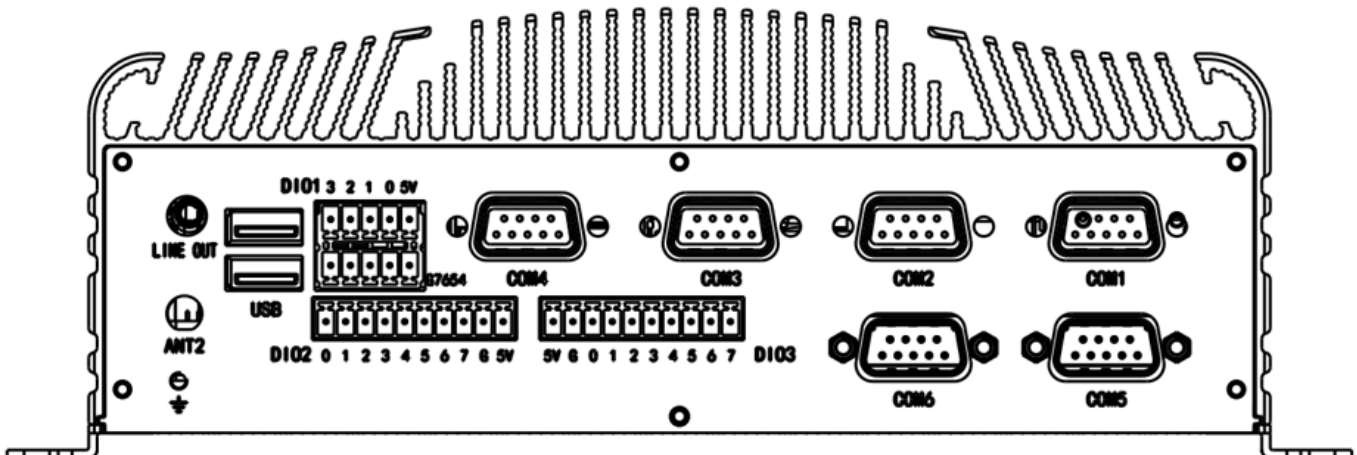


Figure 2.9

### 2.4.1 Ethernet Connector (LAN)

The KMDA-3201-S00X is equipped with 2 Intel I211AT chips and 1 Intel I219LM for 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet controllers. The product provides 3\*RJ45, with LED indicators on the front side to show its Active/Link status (Green LED) and Speed status (yellow LED).

Table 2.1 for pin assignments.

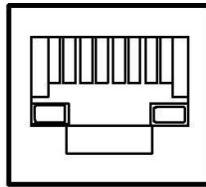


Figure 2.10 Ethernet Connector

Table 2.1: RJ-45 Connector pin assignments			
Pin	10/100/1000BaseT Signal	Pin	10/100/1000BaseT Signal
1	TX+(10/100), LAN_DA+(GHz)	5	LAN_DC-(GHz)
2	TX-(10/100), LAN_DA-(GHz)	6	RX-(10/100), LAN_DB-(GHz)
3	RX+(10/100), LAN_DB+(GHz)	7	LAN_DD-(GHz)
4	LAN_DC+(GHz)	8	LAN_DD-(GHz)

(Note: KMDA-3201-T00X only has 2 Intel I211AT chips which provides 2\*RJ45.

## 2.4.2 USB Connector

The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The KMDA-3201 provides 4\*USB3.0, 3\*USB2.0(one inside for dongle). The USB interface complies with USB UHCI, Rev. 2.0 compliance. The USB interface can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

Table 2.2 for USB2.0 pin assignments.

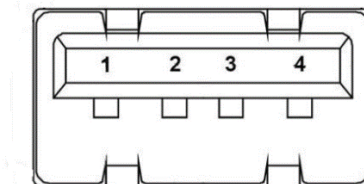


Figure 2.11 USB2.0 connector

Table 2.2: USB2.0 Connector	
Pin	Signal
1	USB_VCC
2	USB_D-
3	USB_D+
4	USB_GND

Table 2.3 for USB3.0 pin assignments.

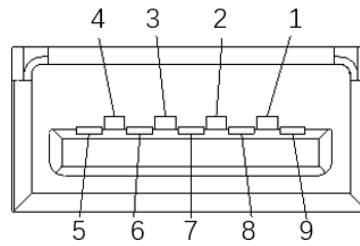


Figure 2.12 USB3.0 Connector

Table 2.3: USB3.0 Port Pin Assignments			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VBUS	6	StdA_SSRX+
2	D-	7	GND_DRAIN
3	D+	8	StdA_SSTX-
4	GND	9	StdA_SSTX+
5	StdA_SSRX-	Shell	Shield

### 2.4.3 HDMI

The KMDA-3201-S00X provides a high-resolution HDMI display port. They can support the most resolution up to 3940\*2160@30Hz.

Table 2.4 for HDMI pin assignments.

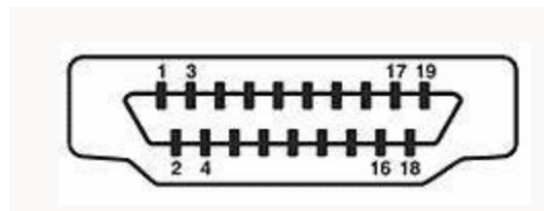


Figure 2.13 HDMI Connector

Table 2.4: HDMI Pin Assignments					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DATA2_P	8	GND	15	SCL
2	GND	9	DATA0_N	16	SDA
3	DATA2_N	10	CLK_P	17	GND
4	DATA1_P	11	GND	18	VCC
5	GND	12	CLK_N	19	DETECT
6	DATA1_N	13	NC		
7	DATA0_P	14	NC		

## 2.4.4 DP

The KMDA-3201-S00X provides a high-resolution DP ports, it supports the most resolution up to 4096\*2160@60Hz.

Table 2.5 for DP pin assignments.

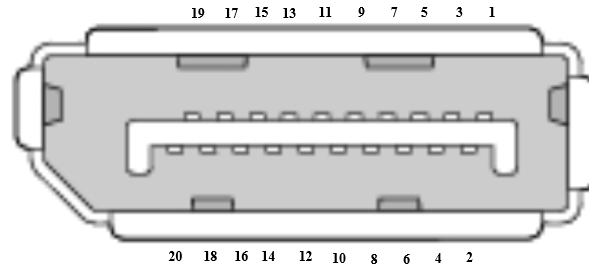


Figure 2.14 DP Connector

Table 2.5: DP Pin Assignments					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DATA0_P	8	GND	15	AUXP
2	GND	9	DATA2_N	16	GND
3	DATA0_N	10	DATA3_P	17	AUXN
4	DATA1_P	11	GND	18	HPD
5	GND	12	DATA3_N	19	GND
6	DATA1_N	13	CTRL	20	PWR
7	DATA2_P	14	GND		

## 2.4.5 DIO Connector

The KMDA-3201-S00X provides a 16-bit iso. DIO by a 2\*10Pin 8-bit DI/DO terminal connector in rear.

The Pin assignments are as follows:

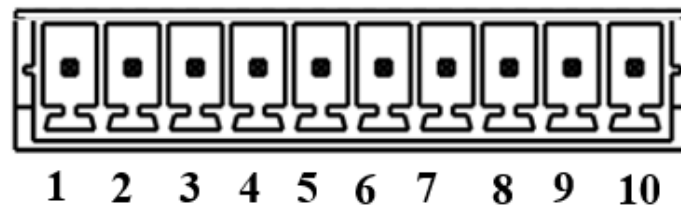


Figure 2.15 8-bit DI/DO Connector

Table 2.6: 8-bit DI/DO Pin Assignments			
Pine	DIO Signal	Pin	DIO Signal
1	DI0/VCC	6	DI5/DO4
2	DI1/GND	7	DI6/DO3



3	DI2/DO7	8	DI7/DO2
4	DI3/DO6	9	GND/DO1
5	DI4/DO5	10	VCC/DO0

(NOTE: KMDA-3201-T00X has no 16-bit Iso. DIO)

The KMDA-3201 provides 8-bit DIO by 2\*5Pin 8-bit DIO terminal connector in rear. Table 2.7 for Pin assignments.

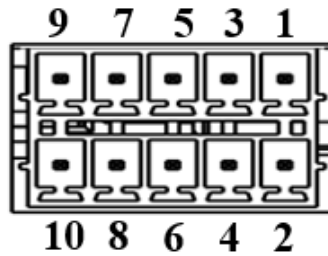


Figure 2.16 8-bit DIO Connector

Table 2.7: 8-bit DI/DO Pin Assignments			
Pine	DIO Signal	Pin	DIO Signal
1	VCC	2	DIO4
3	DIO0	4	DIO5
5	DIO1	6	DIO6
7	DIO2	8	DIO7
9	DIO3	10	GND

#### 2.4.6 Power Input Connector (DC-IN)

The KMDA-3201 provides a wide power input (DC 9~30V) by a 3-pin terminal.

Table 2.8 for pin assignments.

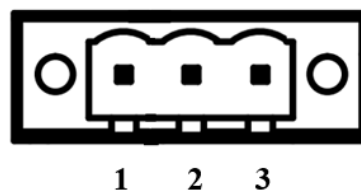


Figure 2.17 power input connector

Table 2.8:DC-IN port pin assignments			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	9~30V	2	NC
3	GND		

## 2.4.7 COM1/2 Connector

The KMDA-3201 provides 2 serial ports of COM1/2 by 2\*D-sub 9-pin connectors. COM1/2 can be configured as RS232、RS422 or RS485 by BIOS setup. Table 2.9 for pin assignments.

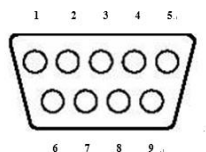


Figure 2.18 COM1/2 Connector

Table 2.9: COM1/2 Serial Ports Pin Assignments			
Pin	RS-232 Signal	RS-422 Signal	RS-485 Signal
1	DCD	TX-	DATA-
2	RxD	TX+	DATA+
3	TxD	RX+	NC
4	DTR	RX-	NC
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR	NC	NC
7	RTS	NC	NC
8	CTS	NC	NC
9	RI	NC	NC

## 2.4.8 COM3/4/5/6 Connector

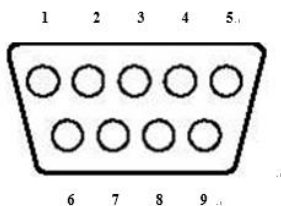


Figure 2.19 COM3/4/5/6 Connector

COM3/4/5/6 are only for RS232. The Pin assignments are as follows:

Table 2.10: COM3/4/5/6 Serial Port Pin Assignments			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DCD	2	RxD
3	TxD	4	DTR
5	GND	6	DSR
7	RTS	8	CTS
9	RI		

(NOTE: KMDA-3201-T00X has no COM5/6 interface)

### 2.4.9 Remote Switch signal Connector

For the remote switch signal interface of the switch machine, the terminal of the motherboard coastline is a 2-pin terminal. Table 2.11 for pin assignments.

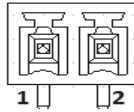


Figure 2.20 Remote SW Connector

Table 2.11: Remote Switch Pin Assignments	
Pin	Signal
1	PWR_BTN
2	GND

### 2.4.10 LED

There are 1\*Power LED, 1\*HDD LED, 3\*CPU temperature class LEDS on the front. Users can monitor the working state of the CPU according to the display of LEDs.

Table 2.12 for LEDs state of CPU temperature class.

Table 2.12: LEDs state of CPU temperature class.	
LED	State
Red	Warning
Yellow	High
Green	Normal

## 2.5 Installation

Here the hardware installation takes KMDA-3201-S00X series for example, and the KMDA-3201-T001 series installation operation is similar.

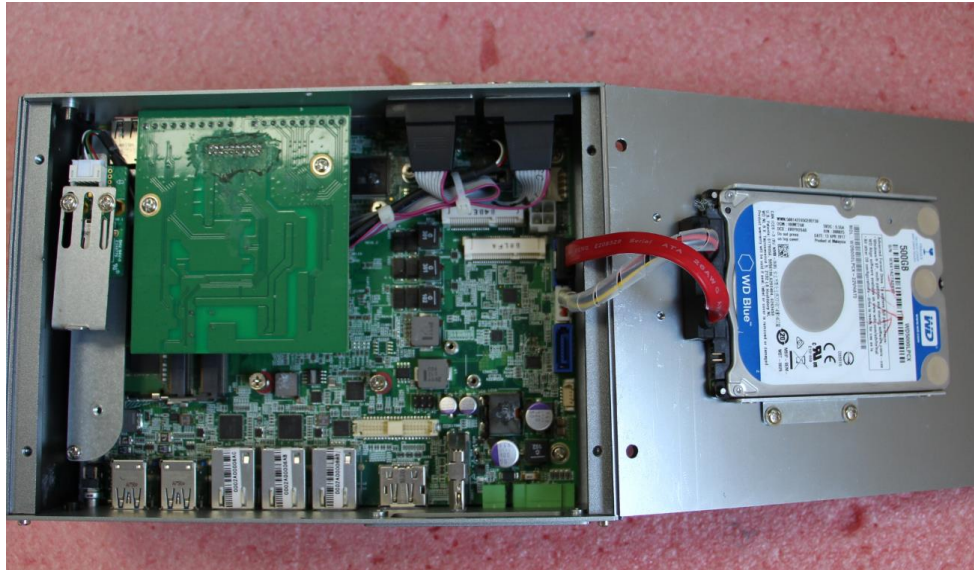
### 2.5.1 HDD/SSD Installation

- Step 1: Unscrew 4 screws on the bottom cover, remove the bottom bracket;
- Step 2: Unscrew 2 screws on the front/rear panel, remove the bottom cover;
- Step 3: Put the HDD/SSD in the drive bay and screw 4 screws;
- Step 4: Pull the drive bay onto the bottom cover and screw 4 screws, the hard drive direction is as shown;
- Step 5: Using the SATA cable connect the HDD/SSD with the mother board;
- Step 6: Close the bottom cover back to the chassis. screw 2 screws on the front/rear panel;
- Step 7: Install the bottom bracket, screw 4 screws.







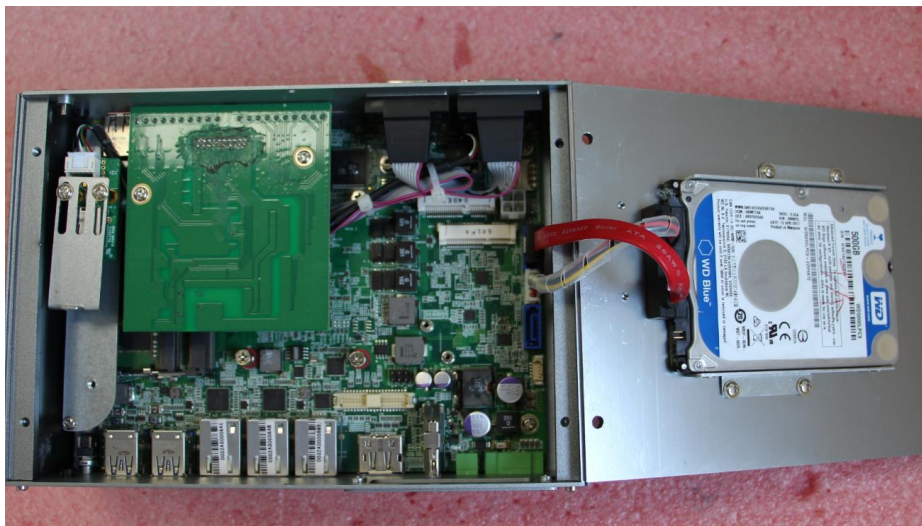


## 2.5.2 Installing mini-PCle

Step 1: Unscrew 4 screws on the bottom cover, remove the bottom bracket;

Unscrew 2 screws on the front/rear panel;

Rotate the bottom assembly 180°, as the picture shows;

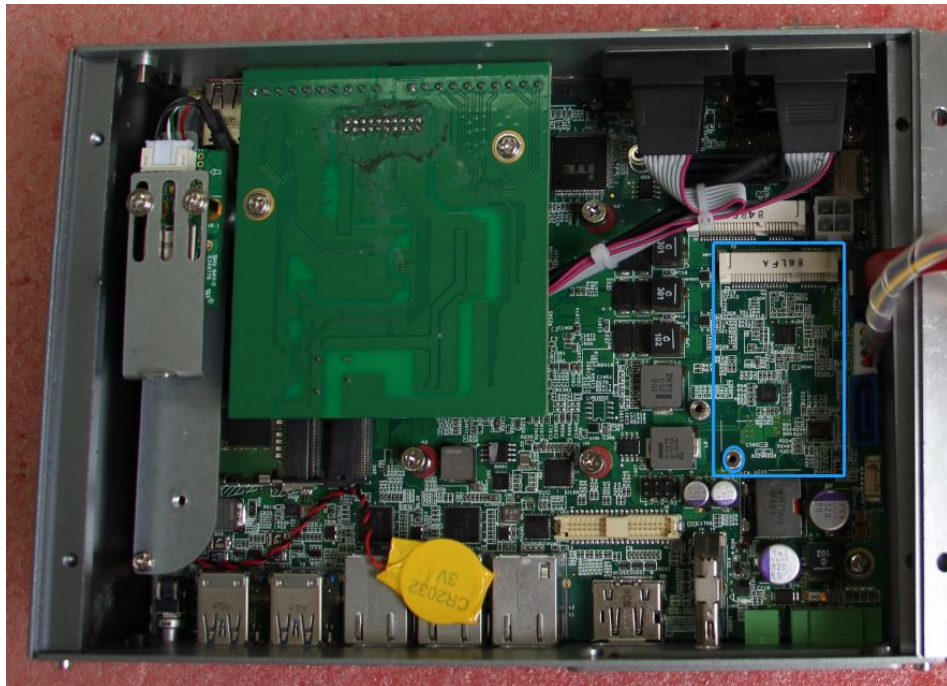




Step 2: Hold the Mini PCIe module with its notch aligned with the Mini PCIe socket of the board and insert it at a 30 degrees angle into the socket;



Step 3: Screw one screw to the holder;



Step 4: Follow the reverse steps of disassembly to complete the product installation.



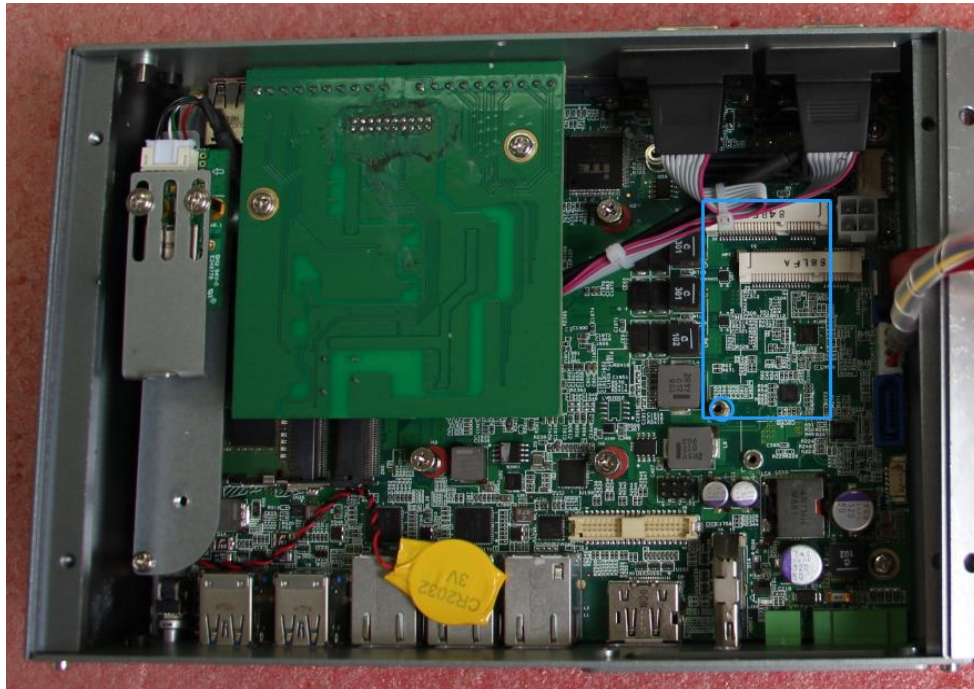
### 2.5.3 Installing MSATA

Step 1: The step here is the same as above chapter “2.5.2 Installing Mini PCIe Module -Step 1”, For details, please refer to the above chapter “2.5.2 Installing Mini PCIe Module -Step 1”

Step 2: Hold the MSATA module with its notch aligned with the MSATA socket of the mother board and insert it at a 30 degrees angle into the socket;



Step 3: Screw one screw to the holder as shown in the picture.



Step 4: Follow the reverse steps of disassembly to complete the product installation.

### 2.5.4 Installing M.2

Step 1: The step here is the same as above chapter “2.5.2 Installing Mini PCIe Module -Step 1”, For details, please refer to the above chapter “2.5.2 Installing Mini PCIe Module -Step 1”

Step 2: Unscrew 5 screws and 12 serial copper columns on the rear panel and remove the rear panel;



Step 3: Unscrew 2 screws on the subcard(ECB-148) and remove the subcard;



Step 4: Unscrew 2 screws on the dongle bracket and remove the dongle bracket;



Step 5: Unscrew 2 copper columns on the built-in USB, remove the USB cable from the motherboard and remove the built-in USB;





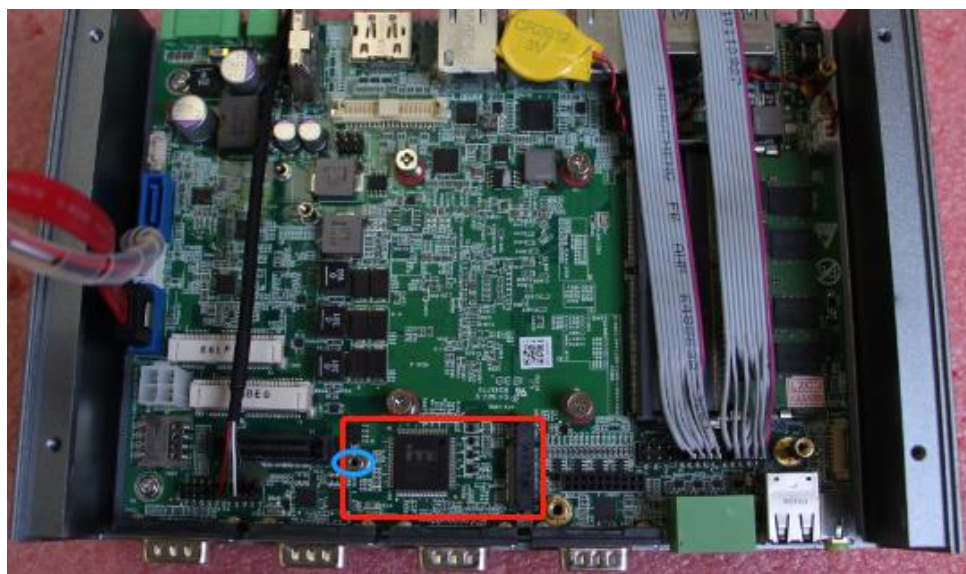
Step 6: Unscrew 3 screws on the subcard bracket and remove the subcard bracket;



Step 7: Hold the M.2 module with its notch aligned with the M.2 socket of the mother board and insert it at a 30 degrees angle into the socket;



Step 8: Screw one screw to the holder as shown in the picture.



Step 9: Follow the reverse steps of disassembly to complete the product installation.

CHAPTER

3

**BIOS Setup**

## 3.1 BIOS Description

BIOS is the communication bridge between hardware and software. How to correctly set the BIOS parameters is crucial for the system to work stably and whether the system works at its best.

This chapter describes how to change the system settings through the BIOS settings.

*Note: For the purpose of better product maintenance, the manufacture reserves the right to change the BIOS items presented in this manual. The BIOS setup screens shown in this chapter are for reference only and may differ from the actual BIOS.*

You need to make SETUP settings as follows:

1. An error message appears on the screen during the system self-test and asks for the SETUP setting.
2. You want to change the factory default settings based on customer characteristics.

(But in general, customers are not recommended to set it up. In most cases, using the default value is already the best setting.)

The BIOS Setup Utility enables you to configure:

- Hard drives, diskette drives and peripherals
- Video display type and display options
- Password protection from unauthorized use
- Power Management features

### 3.1.1 Entering the Setup Utility

When you power on the system, BIOS enters the Power-On Self-Test (POST) routines. POST is a series of built-in diagnostics performed by the BIOS. After the POST routines are completed, Press the “**DEL**” key to enter BIOS Setup Utility.





## 3.2 BIOS parameter settings

When you start the Setup Utility, the main menu appears. The main menu of the Setup Utility displays a list of the options that are available. A highlight indicates which option is currently selected. Use the cursor arrow keys to move the highlight to other options. When an option is highlighted, execute the option by pressing <Enter>.

Some options lead to pop-up dialog boxes that prompt you to verify that you wish to execute that option. Other options lead to dialog boxes that prompt you for information.

Some options (marked with a triangle ►) lead to submenus that enable you to change the values for the option. Use the cursor arrow keys to scroll through the items in the submenu.

In this manual, default values are enclosed in parenthesis. Submenu items are denoted by a triangle ►.

*The default BIOS setting for this motherboard apply for most conditions with optimum performance. We do not suggest users change the default values in the BIOS setup and take no responsibility to any damage caused by changing the BIOS settings.*

### 3.2.1 BIOS Navigation Keys

Enter the SETUP settings interface, The BIOS navigation keys are listed below:

Table 3.1: The BIOS navigation keys	
KEY	FUNCTION
ESC	Exit the current menu
↑↓→←	Scrolls through the items on a menu
+/-	Change Opt.
Enter	Select
F1	General Help
F2	Previous Values
F3	Optimized Defaults
F4	Save & Exit

### 3.2.2 Main Menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the main menu appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information. Select an item and press <Enter> to display the submenu. Press <Esc> to back to the main menu.

The BIOS setup program provides a help screen. You can call up this help screen from any menu by simply pressing the <F1> key. This help screen lists the corresponding keys and possible selections. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen.



## BIOS Vendor (American Megatrends)

This item shows the information of the BIOS vendor.

## Core Version (5.12)

This item shows the information of the Core Version.

## Project Version (I902V 0.05 X64)

This item shows the information of the motherboard Version.

#### **Build Date and Time**

This item shows the information of the BIOS build date and time

#### **Processor Information**

This item shows the basic information about the currently used processor, including name, type, speed.

#### **IGFX VBIOS Version**

This item shows the Current VBIOS version of the CPU integrated graphics.

#### **Total Memory**

This item shows the total memory size of the current motherboard.

#### **Memory Frequency**

This item shows the current memory operating frequency.

#### **PCH Information**

This item shows the basic information about PCH, including name, PCH SKU, etc.

#### **System Language**

Set the language interface of the BIOS.

#### **System Date**

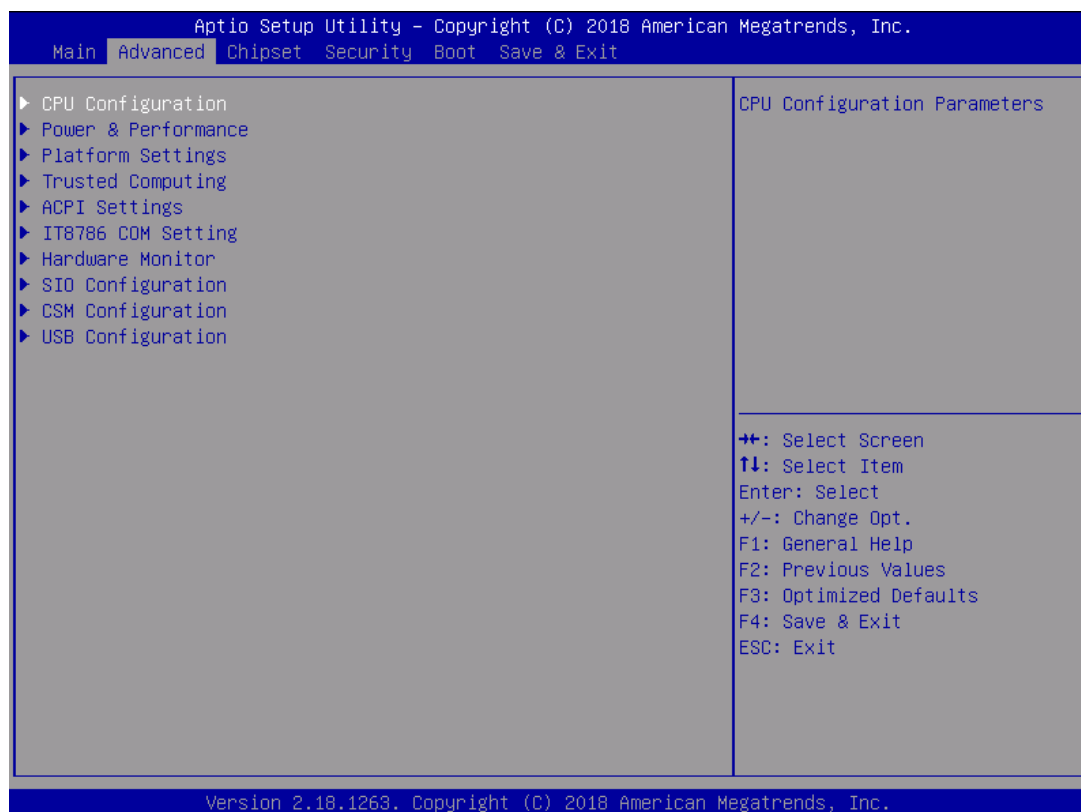
Set the date. The format of the date is <week><month><day><year>.

#### **System Time**

Set the time. The format of the time is <hour><minute><second>.

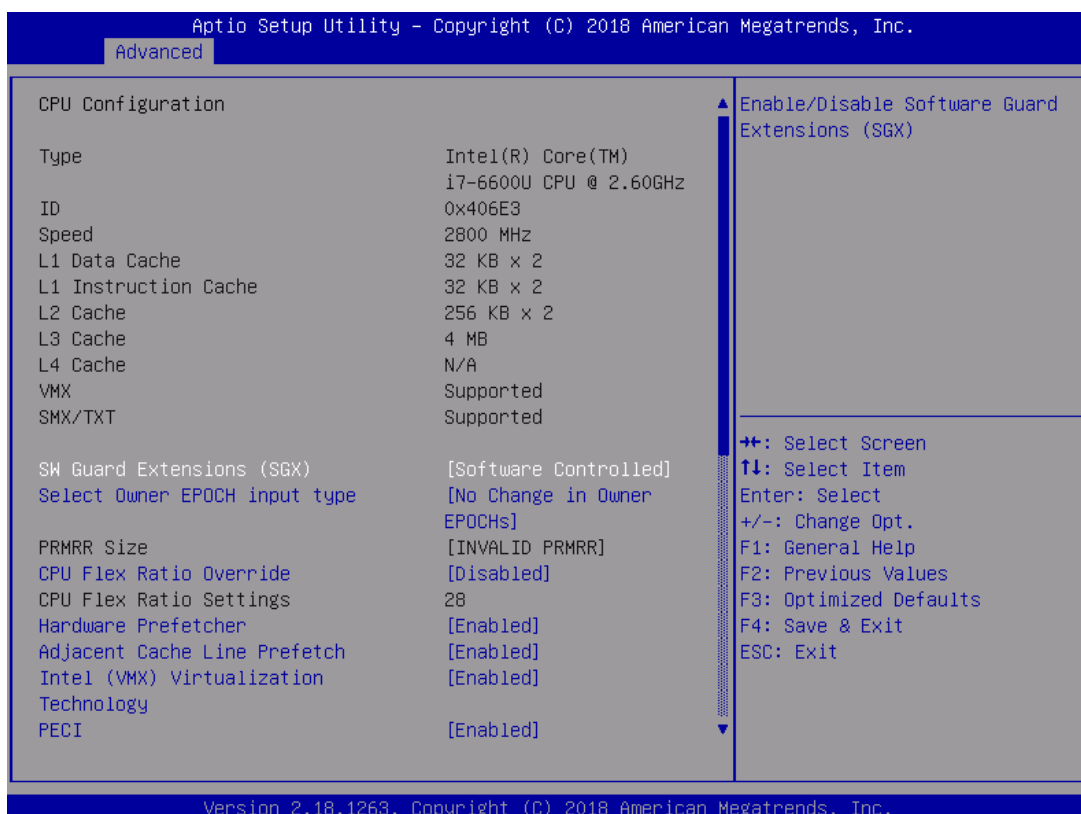
### **3.2.3 Advanced Menu**

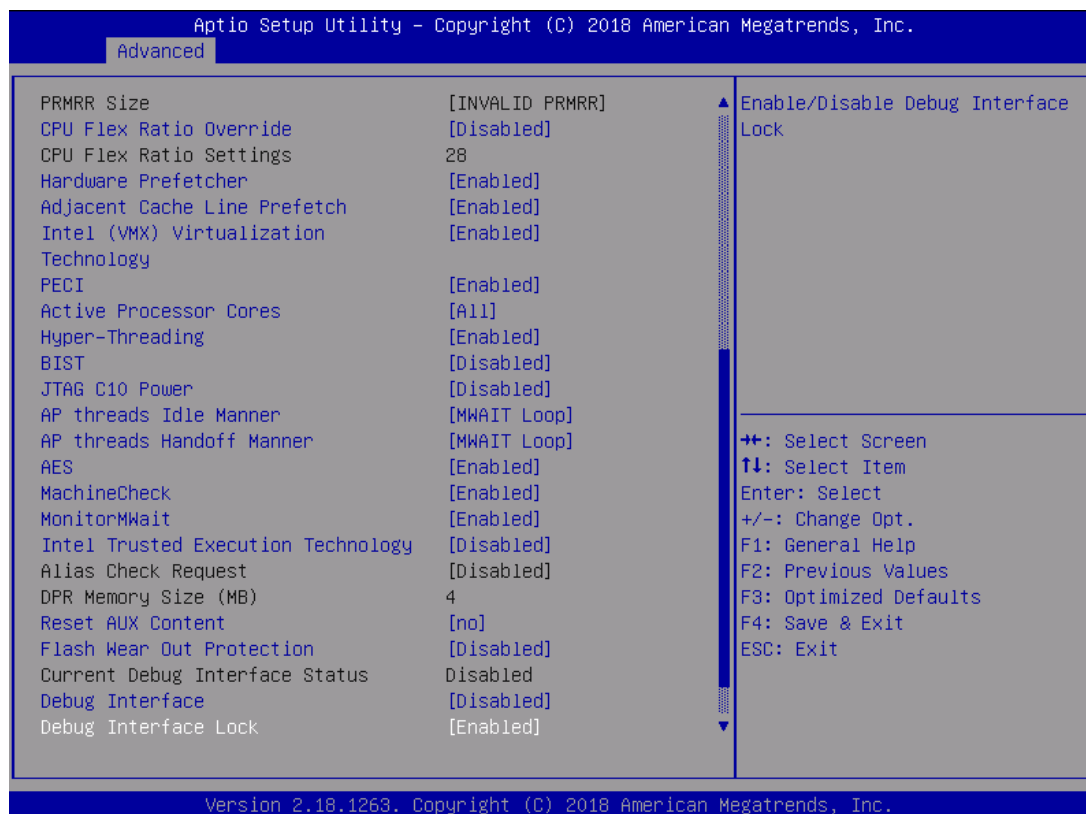
This page sets up more advanced information about your system. Handle this page with caution. Any changes can affect the operation of your computer.



## ►CPU Configuration

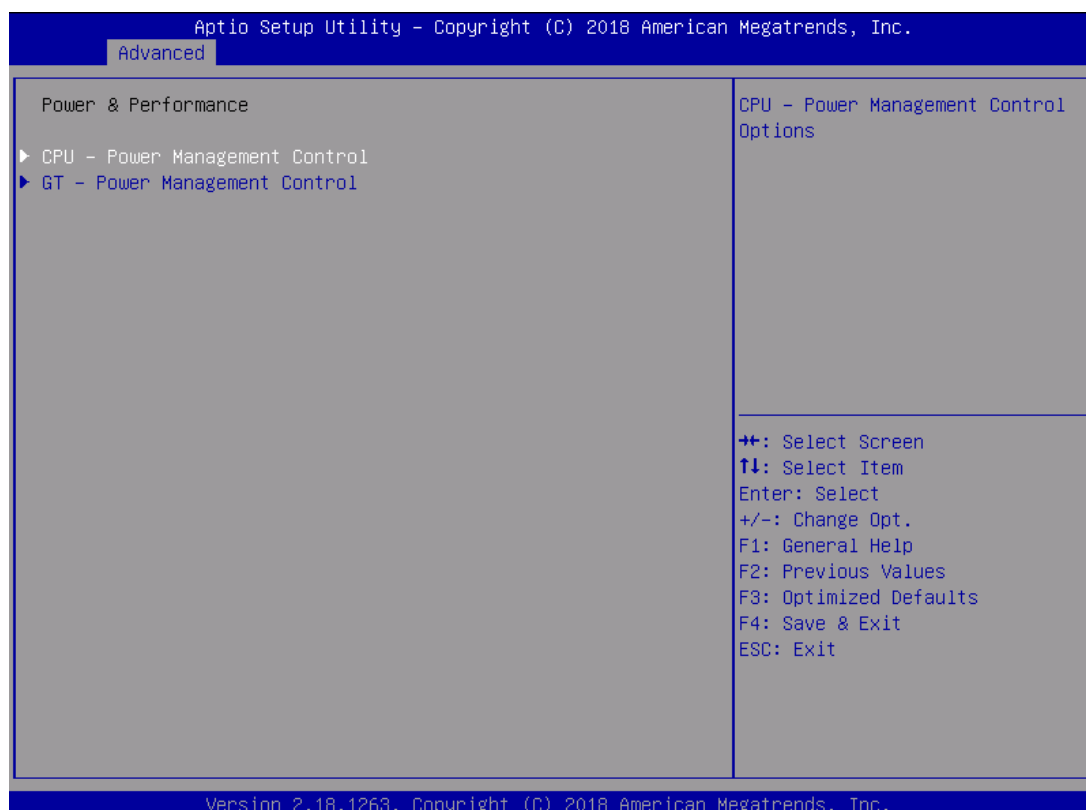
The configuration of the central processor, enter this sub-menu, there will be detailed details of the CPU, as well as various settings of the CPU.

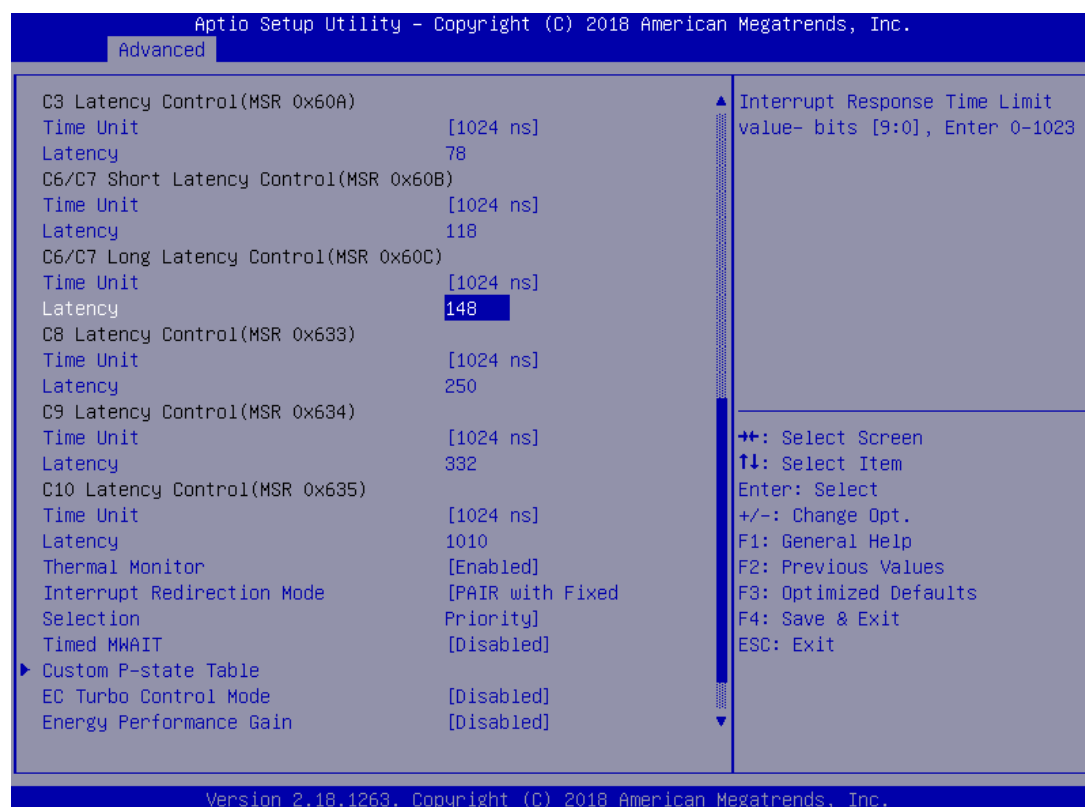
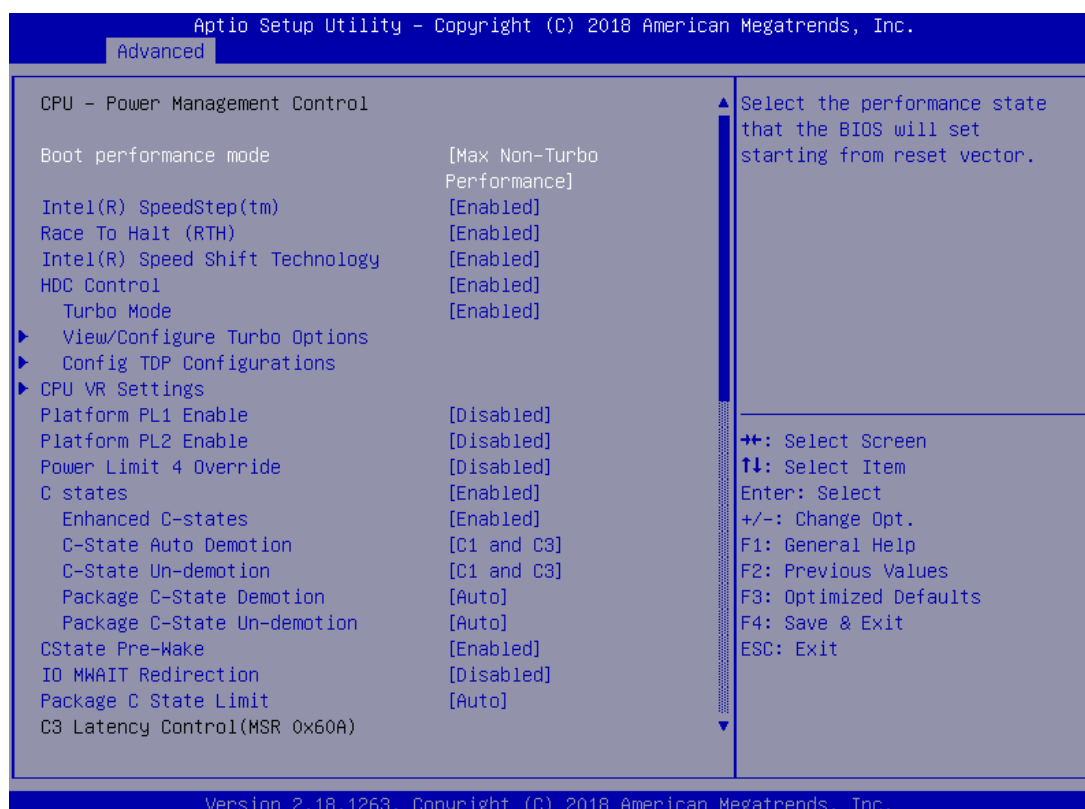




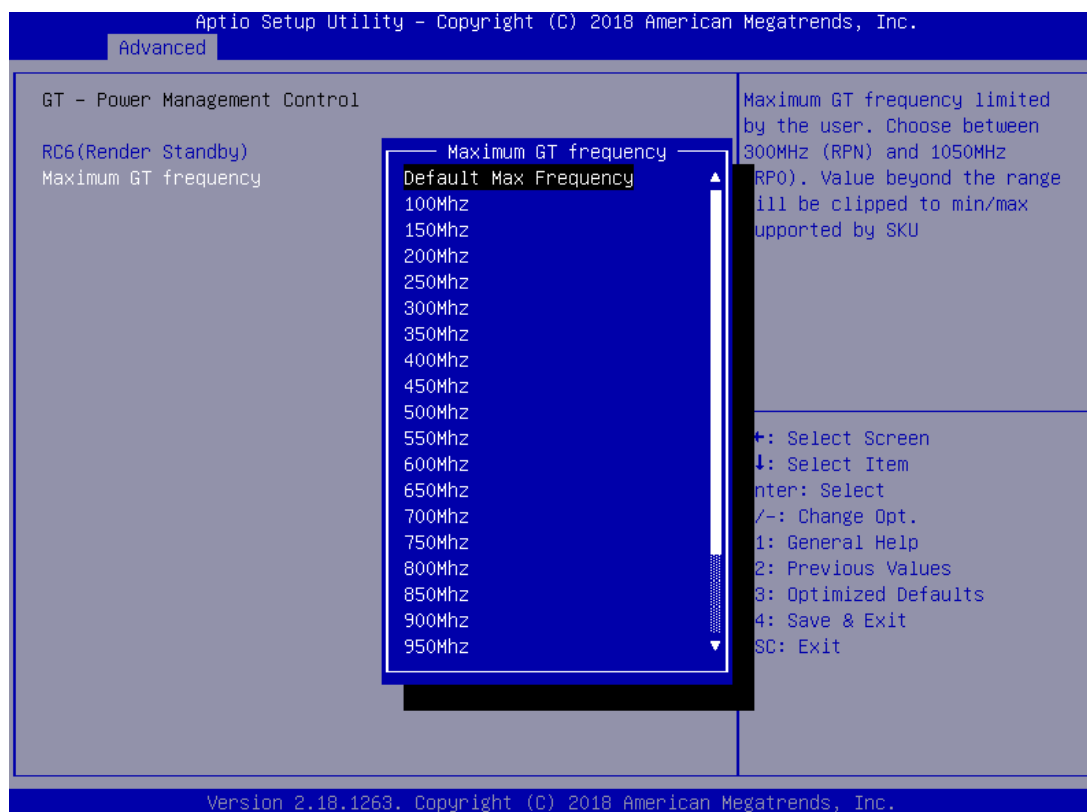
## ►Power & Performance

This item in the menu shows how to set the Power Management Control of CPU and GT.



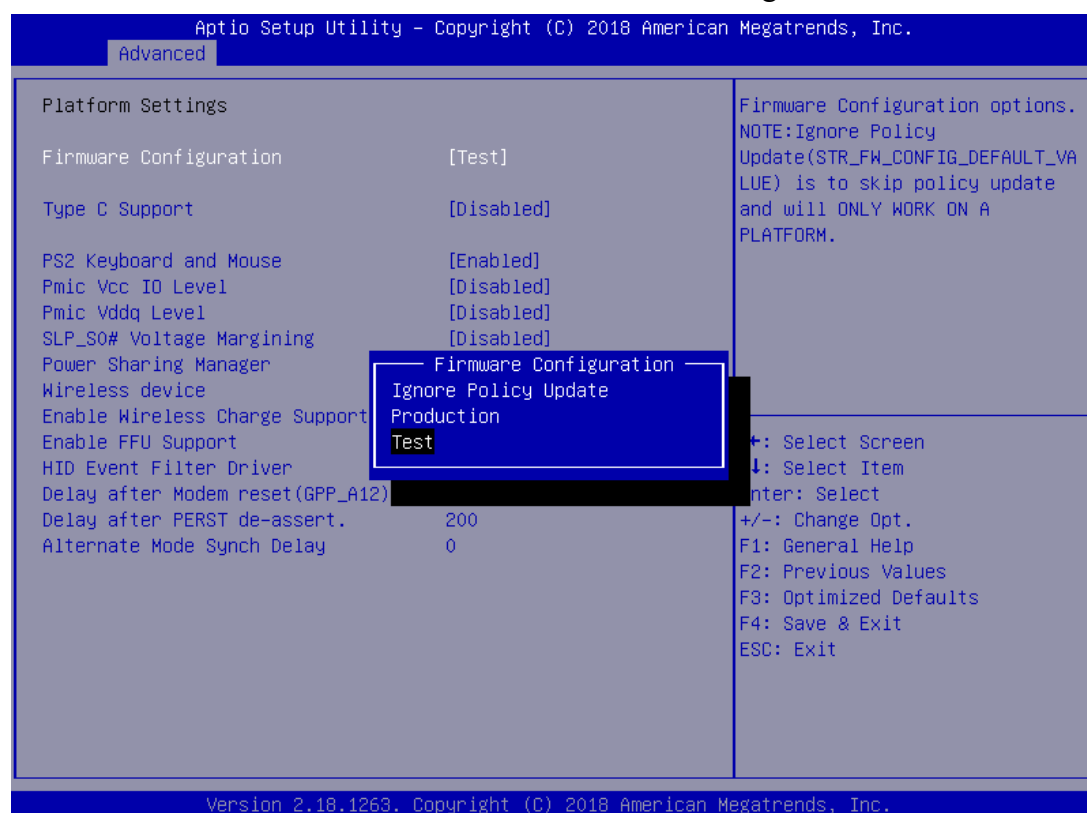






## ►Platform Setting

This item in the menu contains the information of the Platform Setting.



## ►Trusted Computing

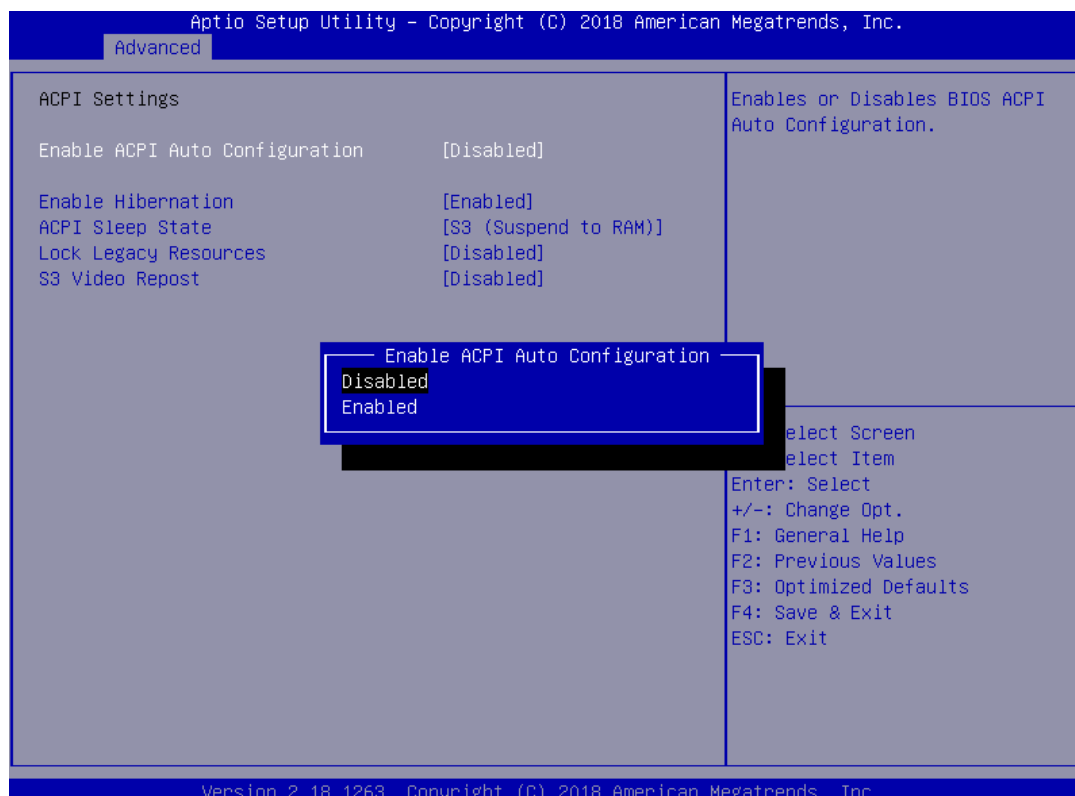
Trusted computing, enter this sub-menu, there will be the setting of the encryption security module (the

motherboard will install the encryption module hardware will take effect)



## ►ACPI Settings

Advanced configuration and power management interface settings, enter this submenu, there will be ACPI related settings.



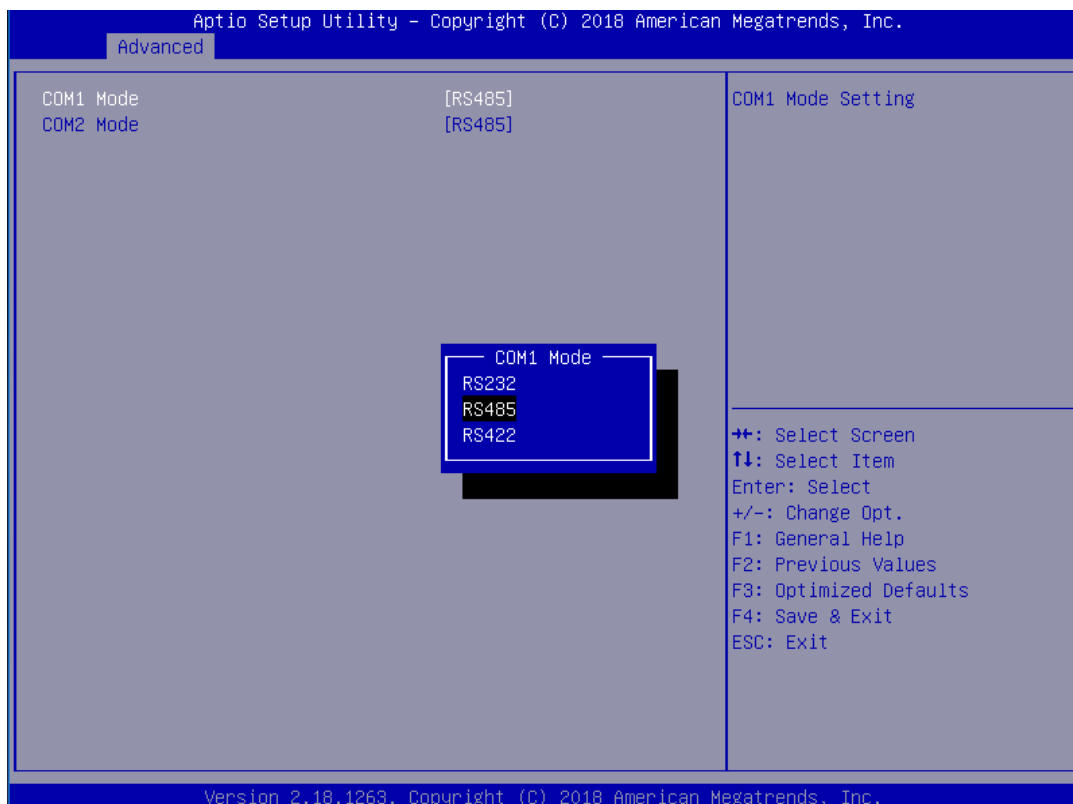
## ACPI Sleep State (S3 (Suspend to RAM))

This item allows user to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) Sleep State (default).

Press <Esc> to return to the Advanced Menu page.

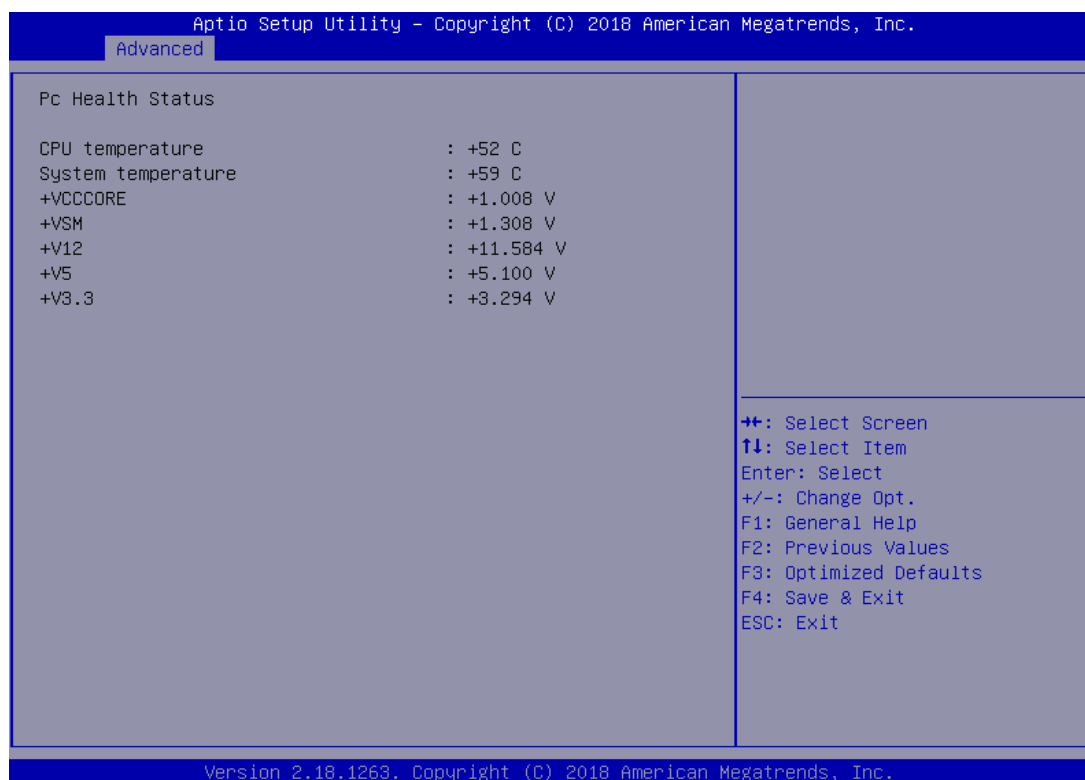
## ►IT8786 COM setting

IT8786 COM port settings, enter this sub-menu, there will be set COM working mode: RS422, RS232, RS485.



## ►Hardware Monitor

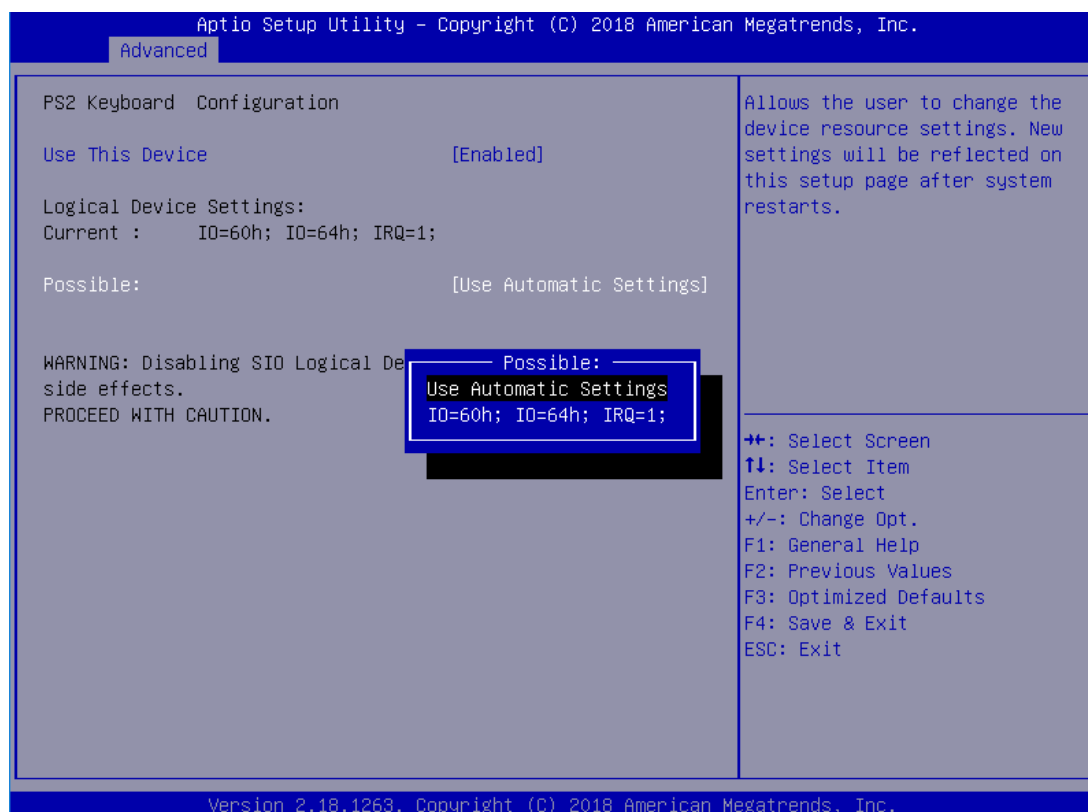
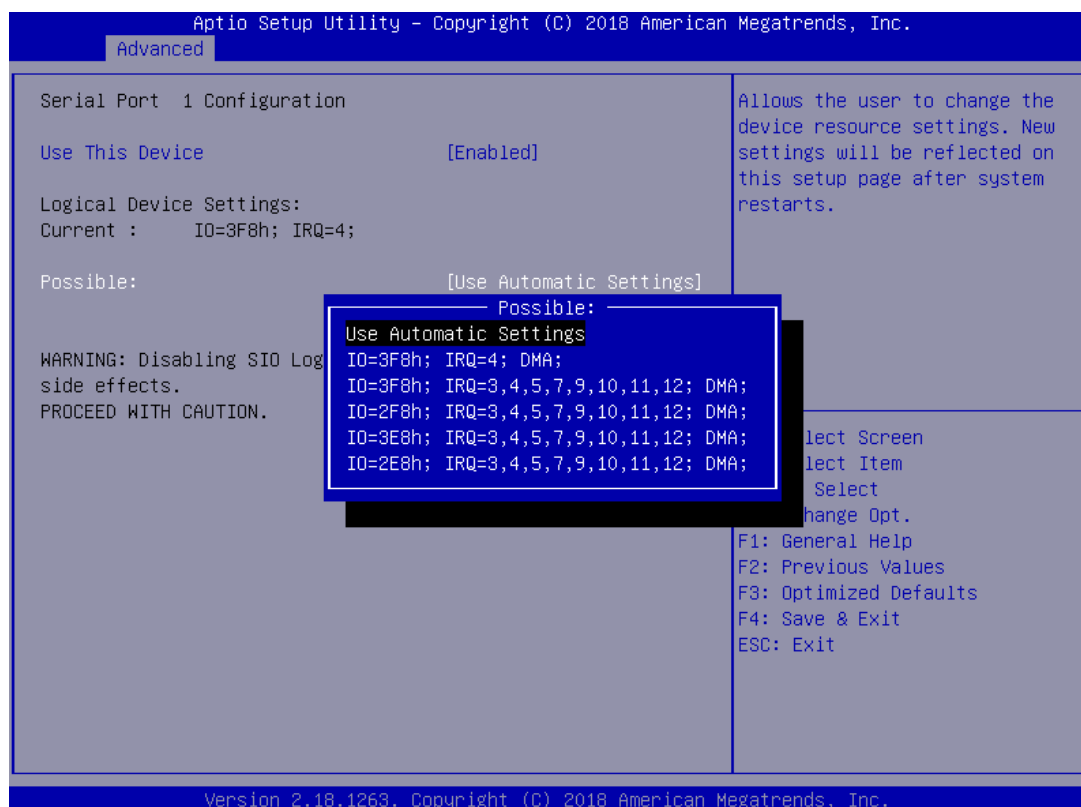
Hardware monitoring, enter this sub-menu, there will be CPU temperature, System temperature, status display of each common working voltage.

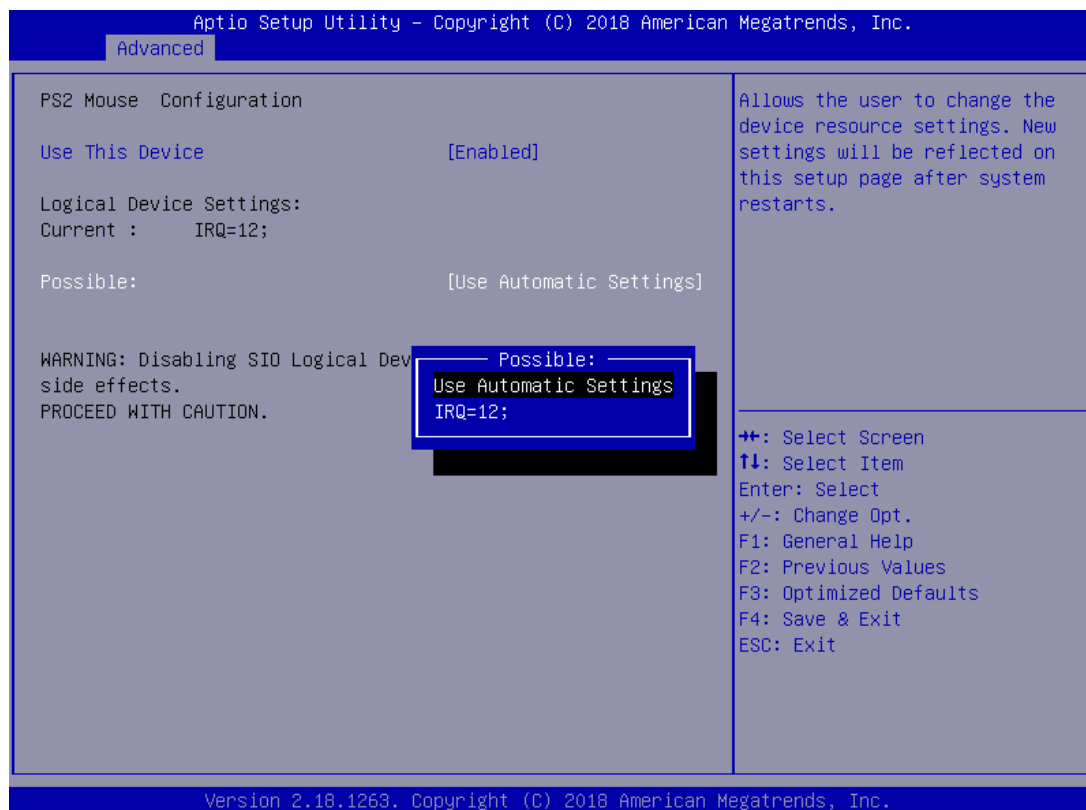


## ►SIO Configuration

Super IO configuration, enter this sub-menu, there will be ports configuration of the serial ports or PS2 which are included in IO.

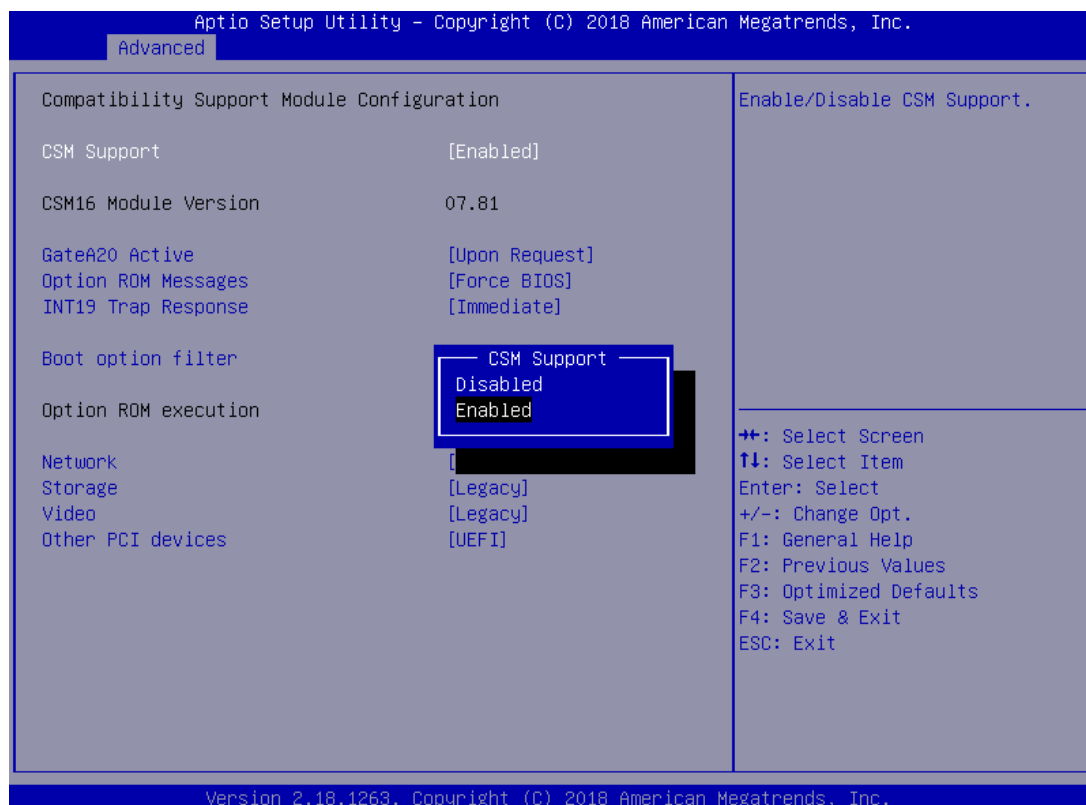






## ►CSM Configuration

CSM (Compatibility Support Module) configuration, enter this sub-menu, there will be various settings to support UEFI startup and non-UEFI startup. If you need to start the traditional MBR device, you need to enable CSM. Turning off the CSM turns it into a pure UEFI boot.



## CSM Support

Compatibility Support Module, which is a compatibility module, is a special module of UEFI and provides compatibility support for system that do not support UEFI.

## GateA20 Active

This item indicates whether to disable GA20 through the BIOS server or keep the activation status all the time.

## Option ROM Messages

This item shows the display mode of option ROM Message.

## Boot option filter

This item indicates the boot priority of controlling EFI or Legacy option ROM.

## Network

This item is used to set the EFI network card Option ROM boot or the traditional network card Option ROM boot or priority boot.

## Storage

This item is used to set the EFI storage Option ROM boot or the traditional storage Option ROM boot.

## Video

This item is used to set EFI display Option ROM startup or traditional display Option ROM startup.

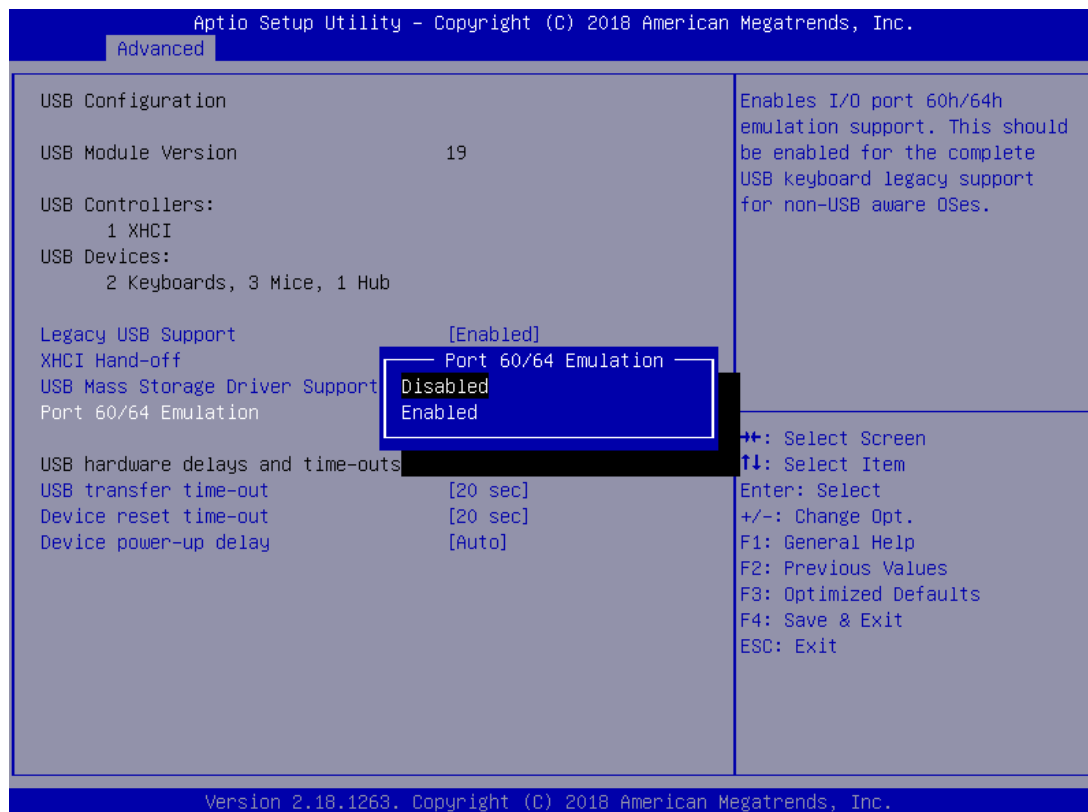


## Other PCI devices

This item is used to set the EFI PCI device Option ROM boot or the traditional PCI device Option ROM boot.

## ►USB Configuration

USB configuration, enter this sub-menu, there will be USB-related detailed settings.



## Legacy USB Support

This item is used to set the USB interface support. If you need to support USB devices under DOS, such as U disk, USB keyboard, etc., set this item to [Enabled]. Otherwise, select [Disabled].

## USB Mass Storage Driver Support

USB mass storage device support switch.

## USB Transfer time-out

This item Sets the timeout period for control, batch, and interrupt transmission. The default is 20 seconds.

## Device reset time-out

This item sets boot command timeout of the large capacity USB disk. The default is 20 seconds.

## Device power-up delay

This item sets boot command delay of the large capacity USB disk. The default is Auto.

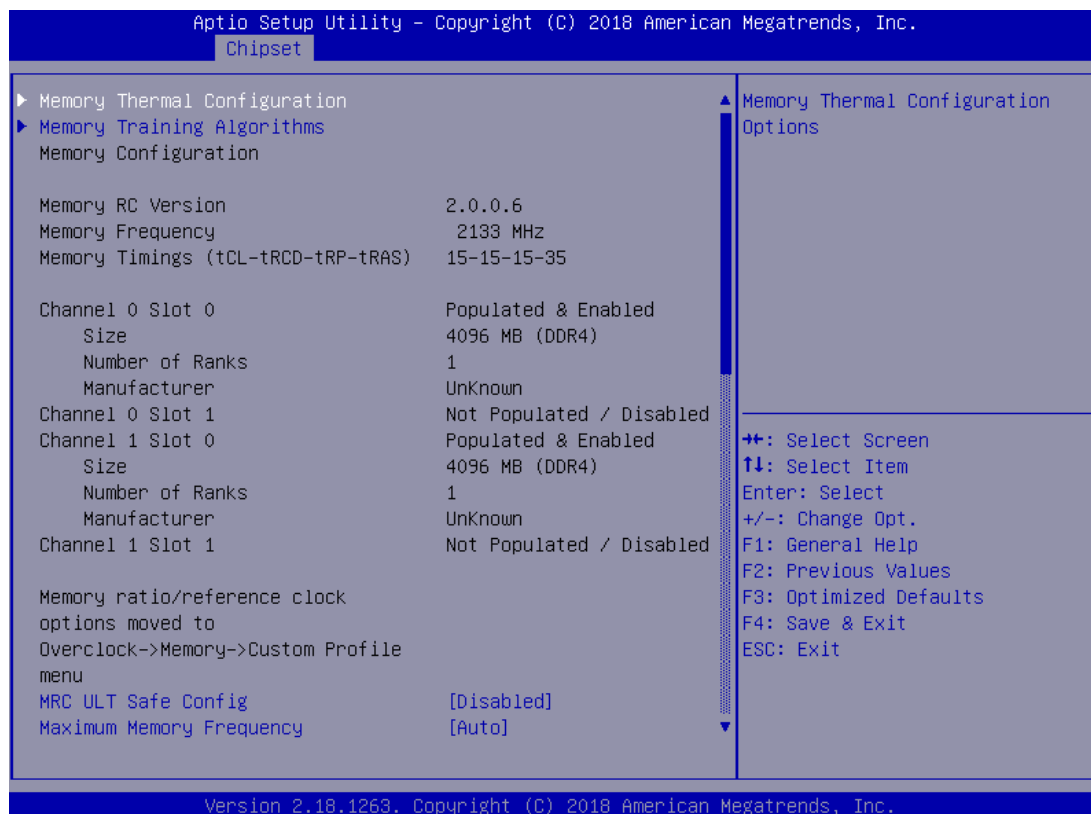
### 3.2.4 Chipset Menu

The chipset menu items allow you to change the settings for the North Bridge chipset, South Bridge chipset and other system.

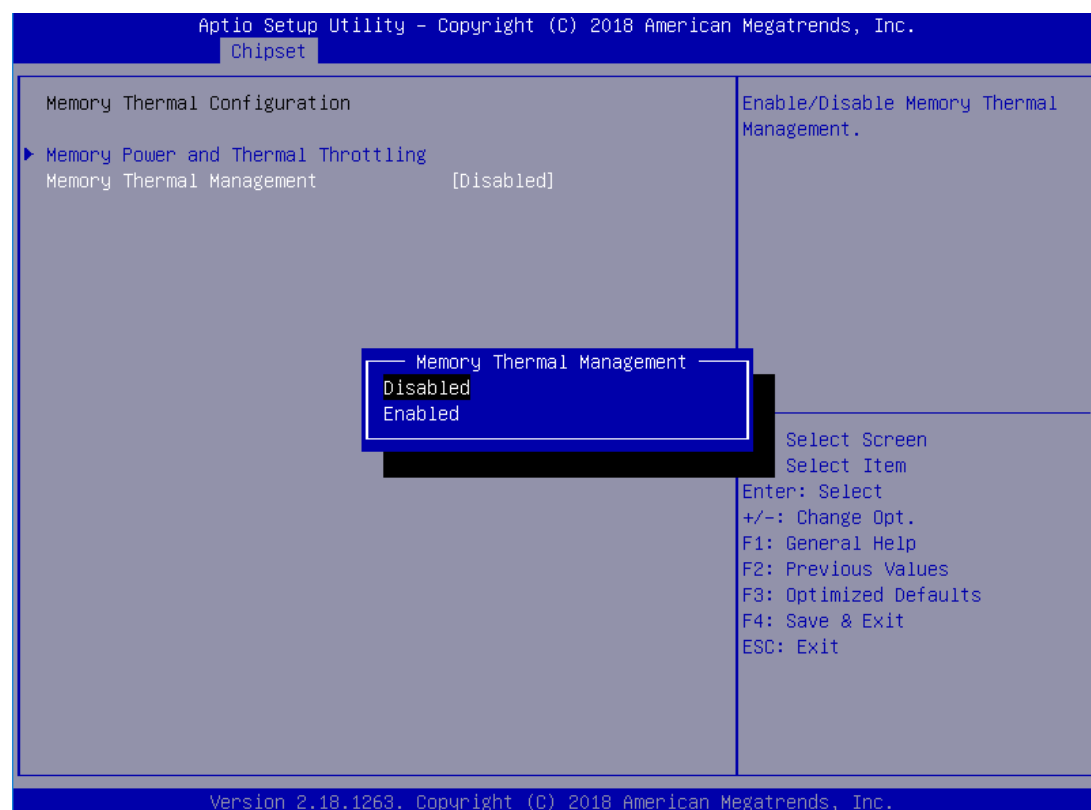


#### ▶Memory Configuration

Memory configuration, enter this submenu, there will be detailed memory information.



## Memory Thermal Configuration



## Memory Power and Thermal Throttling

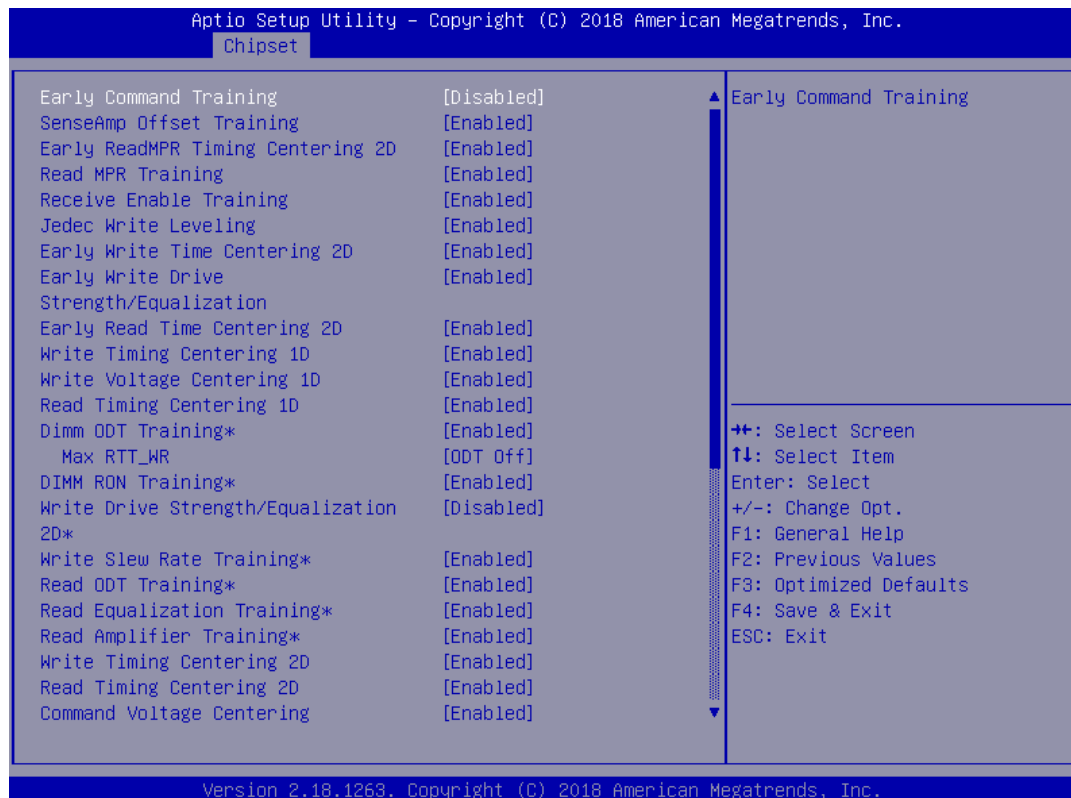
This item contains the configuration of the Memory Power and Thermal Throttling.

## Memory Thermal Management

This item sets the Memory Thermal Management on(Enabled) or off(Disabled).

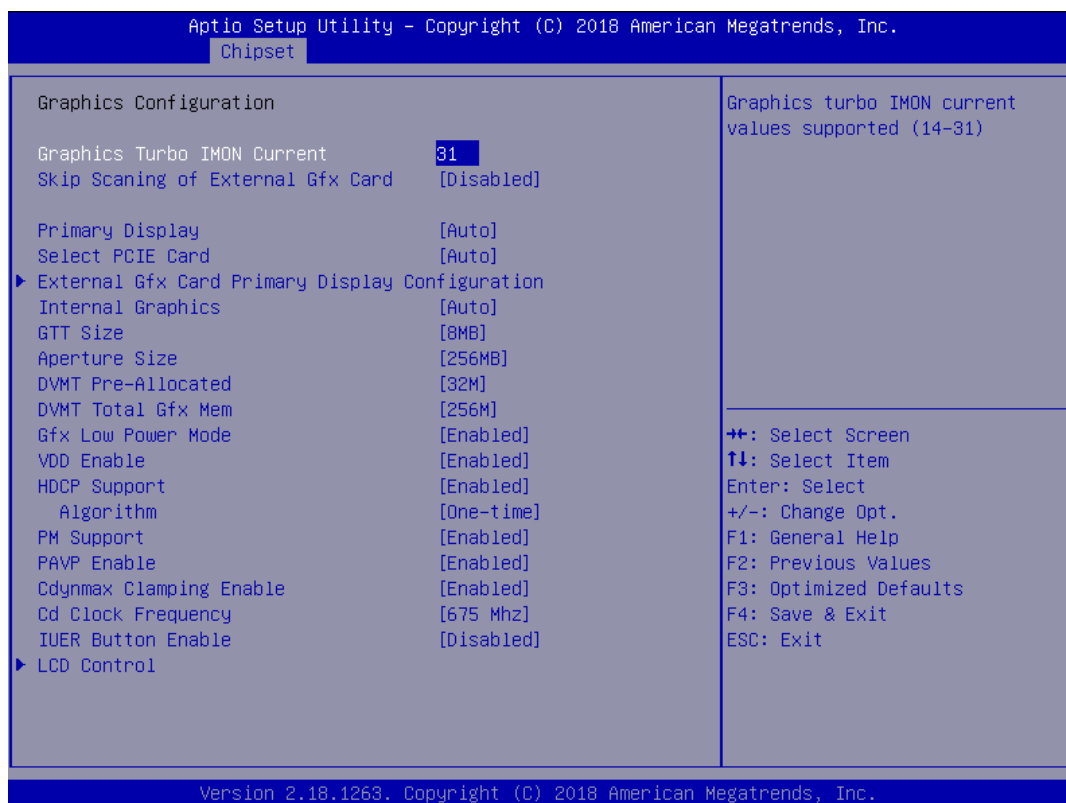
## Memory Training Algorithms

This item shows the information of the Memory Training Algorithms.

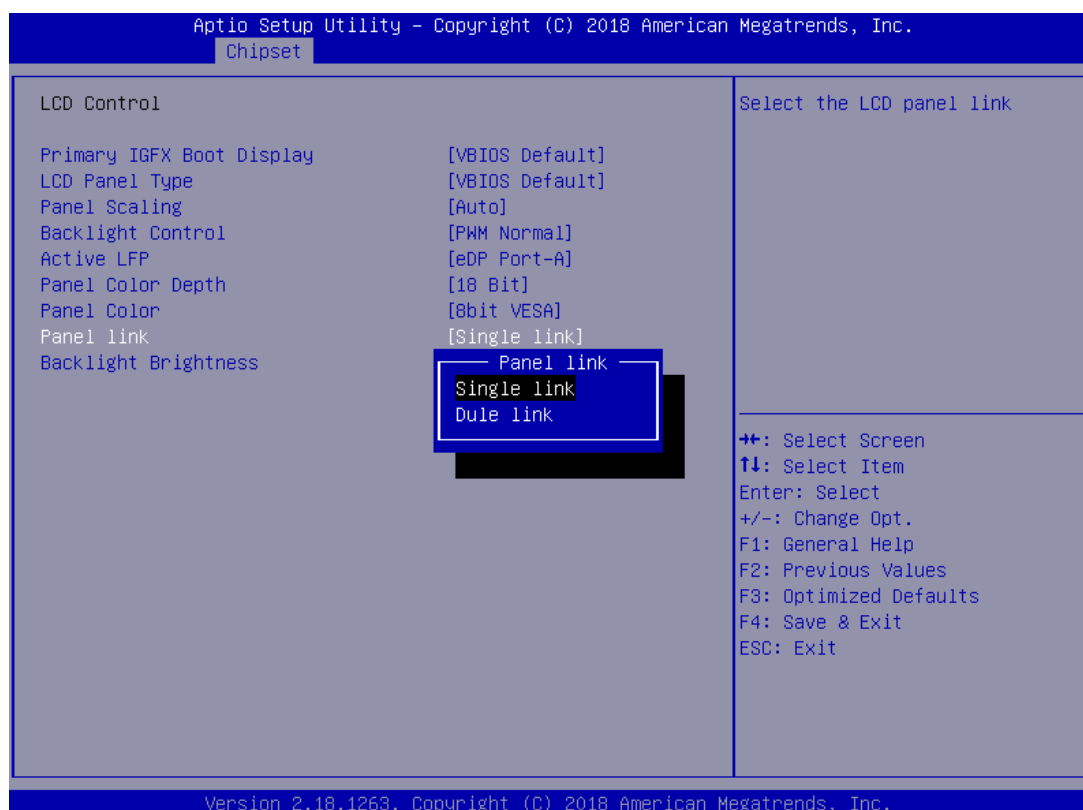


## ►Graphics Configuration

Image processing configuration, enter this sub-menu, there will be CPU-integrated graphics related settings.



## ►LCD Control

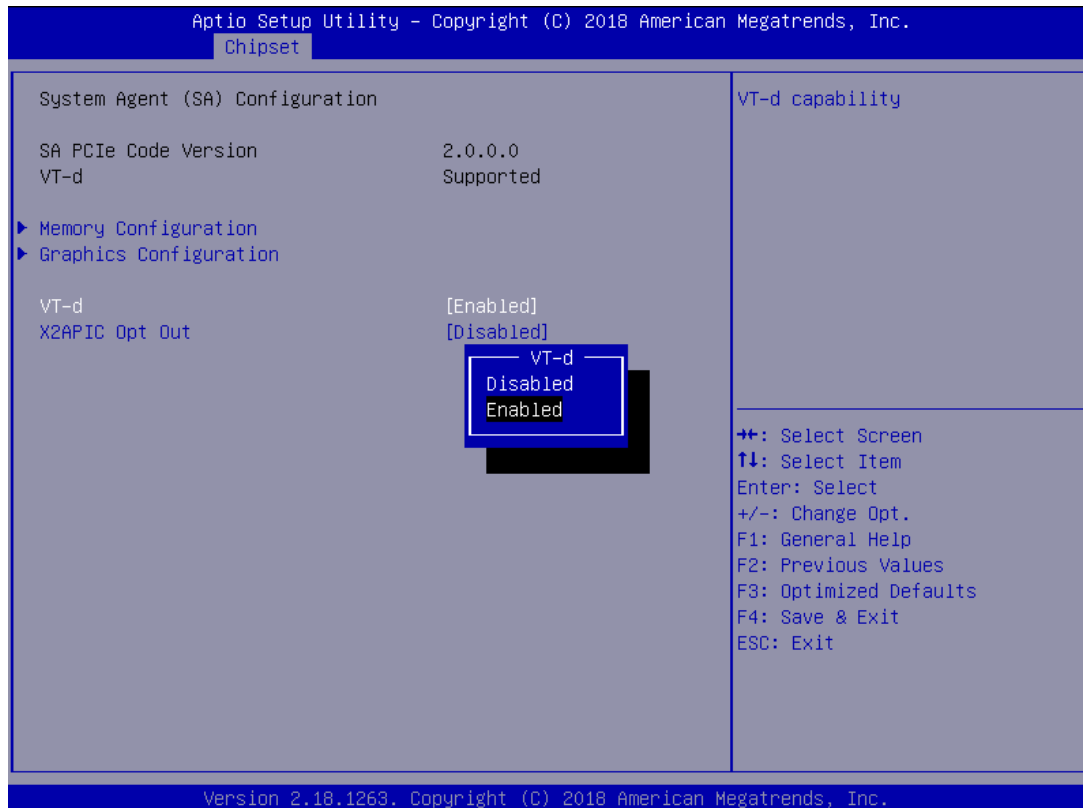


## Primary IGFX Boot Display

This item sets IGFX main display device on POST stage, not affected by external graphics card, options are HDMI, LFP, EFP3, DP, EFP4. It defaults by VBIOS.

## LCD Panel Type

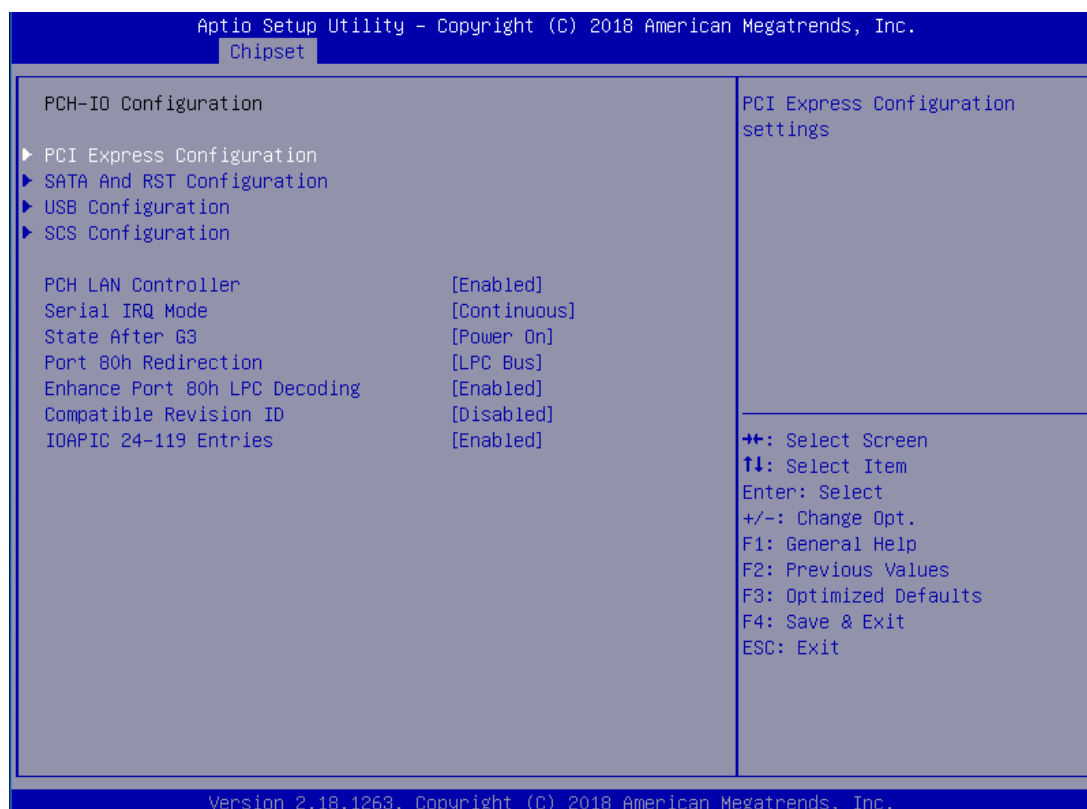
This item sets resolution of the motherboard LVDS screen. It defaults by VBIOS.



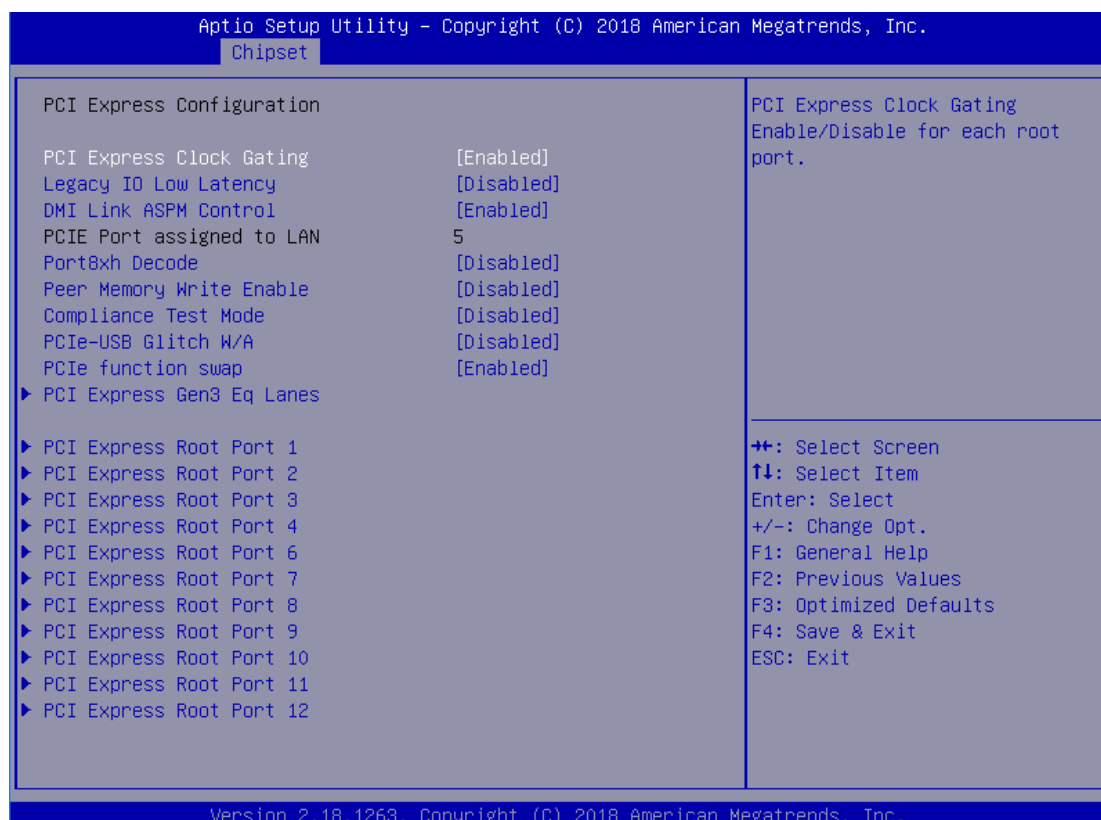
## VT-d

This item sets the VT-d technology to open or close. The default is Enabled.

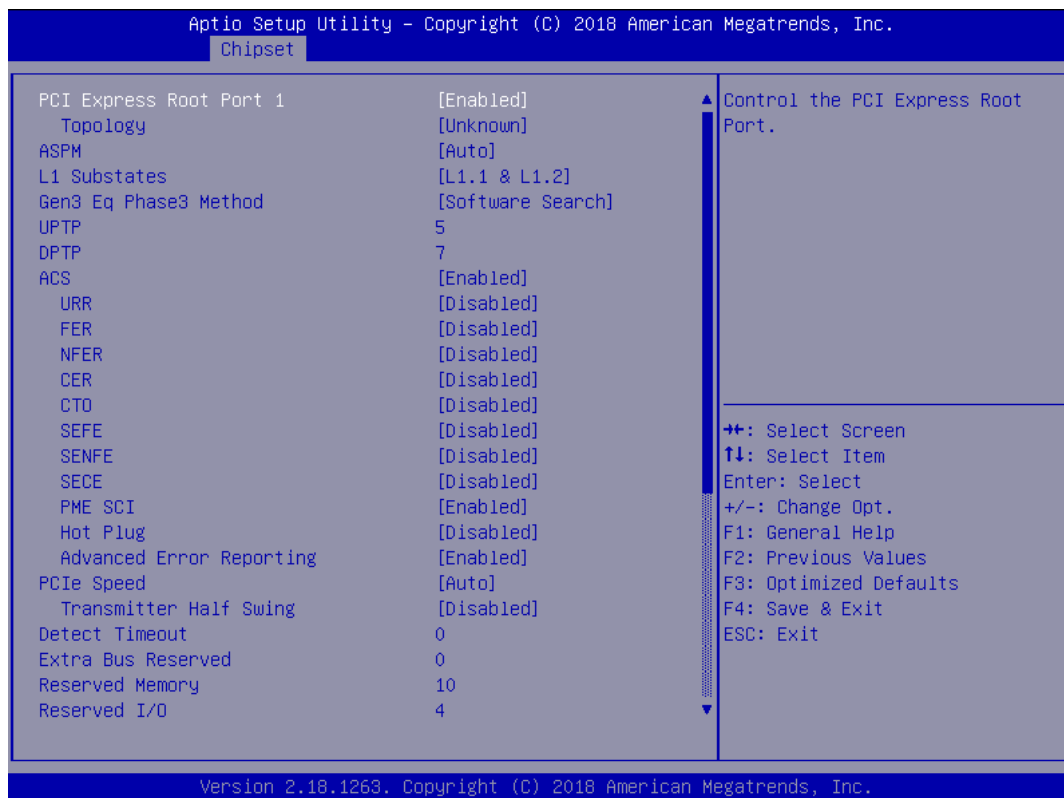
## PCH-IO Configuration (South Bridge Configuration)



## ▶PCI Express Configuration







## ►SATA And RST Configuration

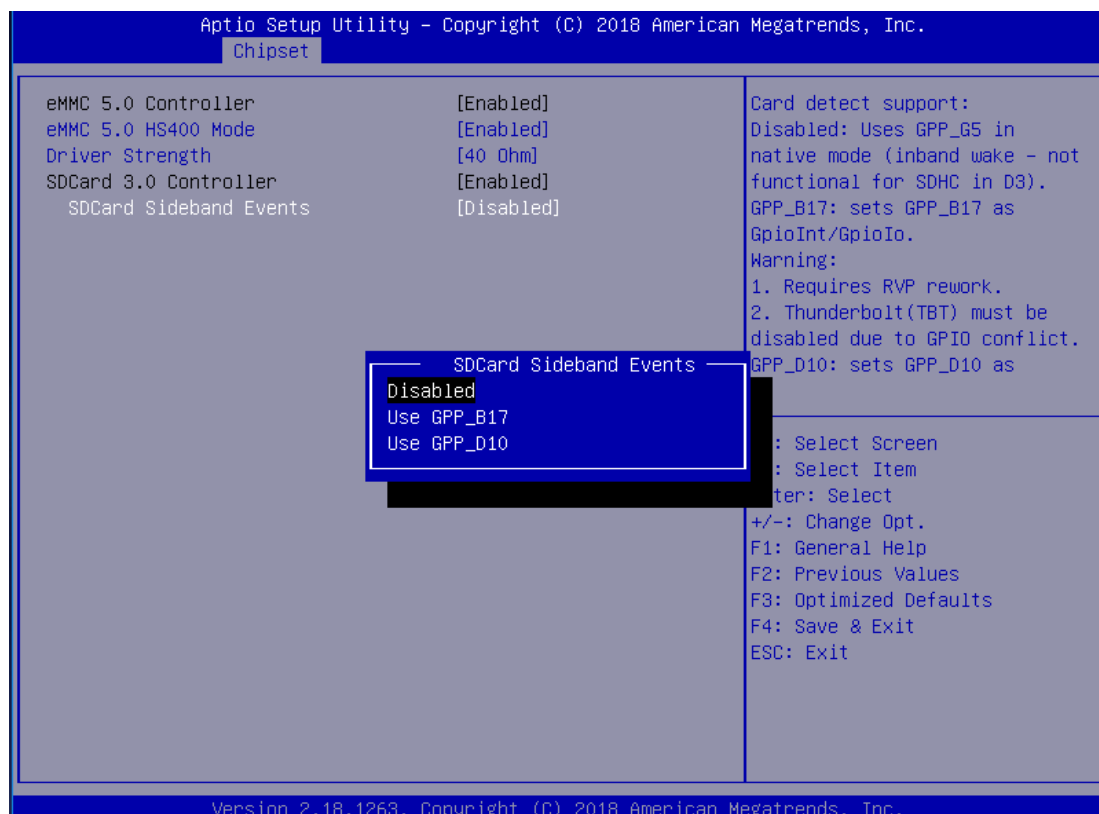
SATA hard disk and fast storage configuration, enter this sub-menu, there will be related settings of the hard disk.



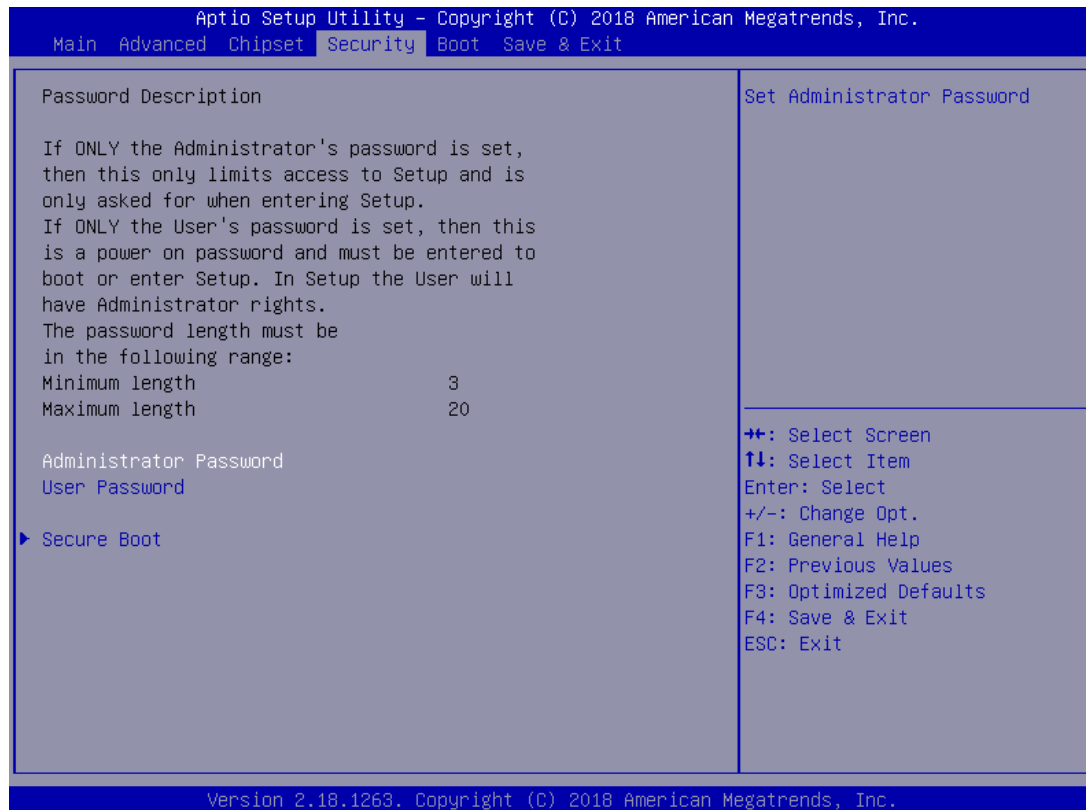
## ►USB Configuration



## ►SCS Configuration



### 3.2.5 Security menu



#### Administrator Password

This item sets the information of the administrator password.

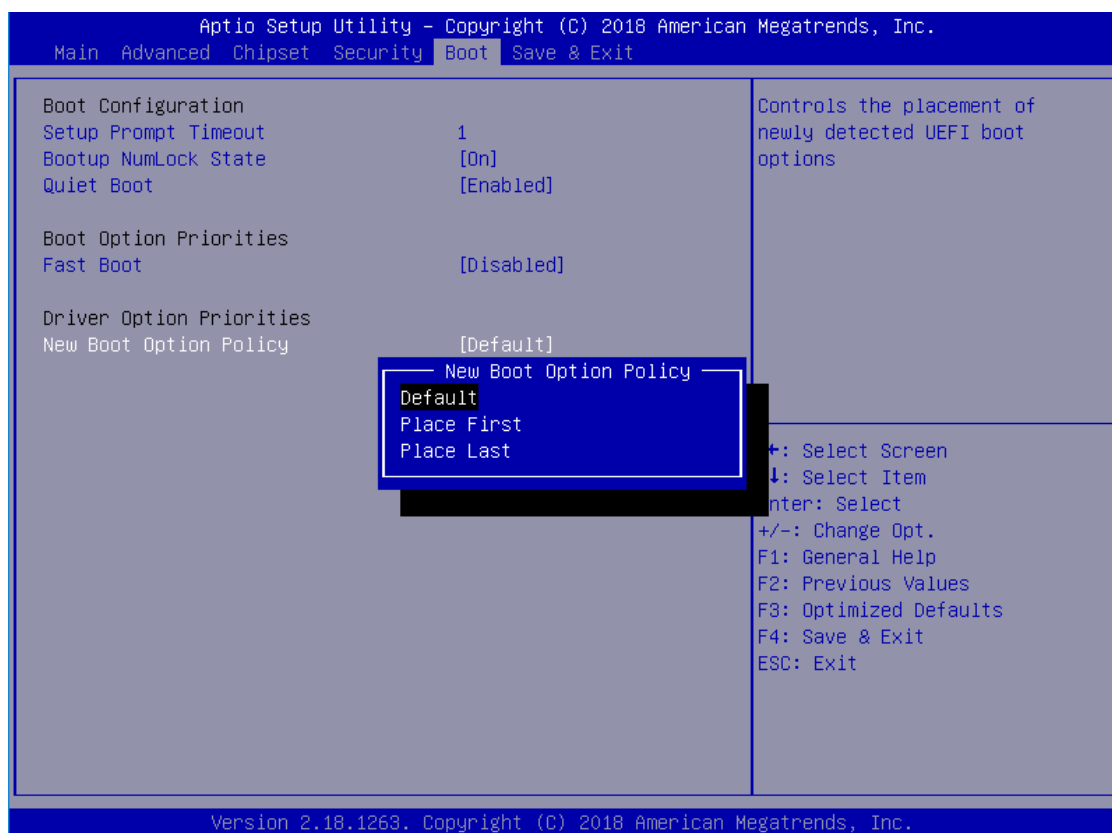
#### User Password

This item sets the information of the normal user password.

#### ►Secure Boot



### 3.2.6 Boot menu



### Setup Prompt Timeout

Setup prompts for waiting time. This option is to set the time to wait for the Del key to enter the BIOS

setup after booting.

### Bootup NumLock State

Set the state of the small numeric keypad at startup.

### Quiet Boot

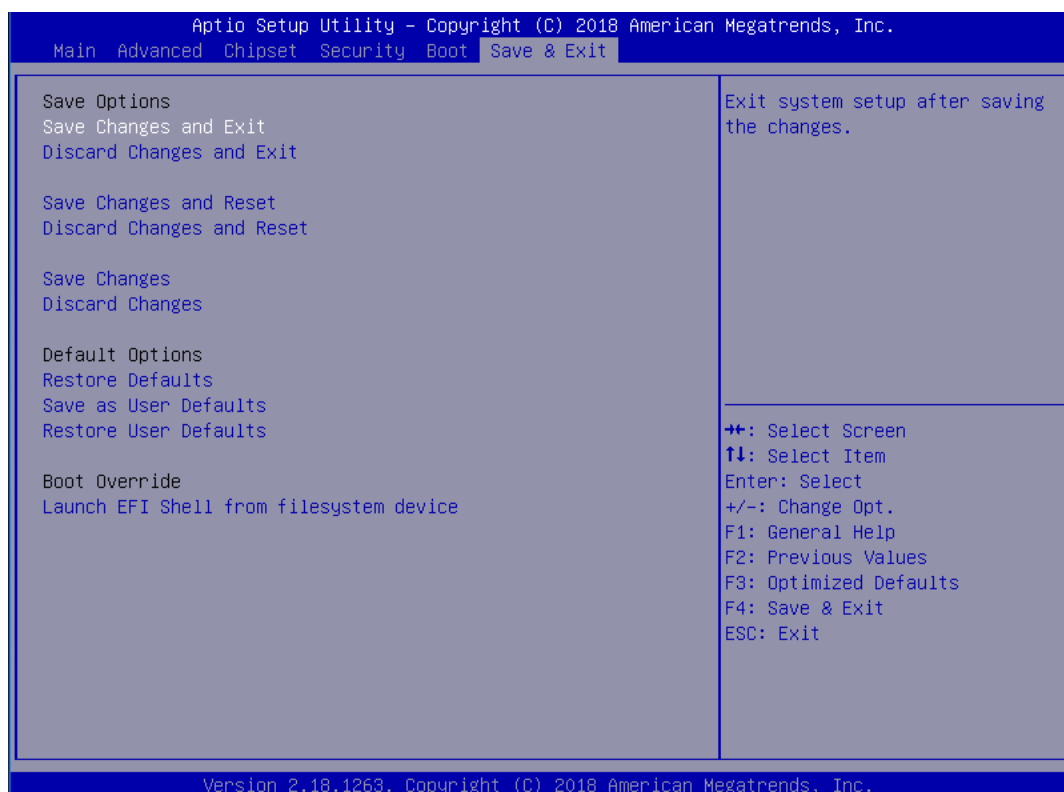
Switch full screen logo control

### Fast Boot

Turn the quick start function on or off. When set to "Enabled", the system will skip some detection items and reduce the startup time.

### New Boot Option Policy

## 3.2.7 Save & Exit menu



### Save changes and Exit;

This item enables you to save the changes that you have made and exit.

### Discard Changes and Exit;

This item enables you to discard the changes that you have made and exit.

### Save Changes and Reset;

This item enables you to save the changes that you have made and reset.

**Discard Changes and Reset;**

This item enables you to discard the changes that you have made and reset.

**Save Changes;**

This item enables you to save the changes that you have made.

**Discard Changes;**

This item enables you to discard the changes that you have made.

**Restore Defaults;**

This item enables you to restore the system defaults.

**Save as User Defaults;**

This item enables you to save the changes as user defaults that you have made.

**Restore User Defaults;**

This item enables you to restore the user defaults.

### **3.3 Updating the BIOS**

The BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) Setup Utility displays the system's configuration status and provides you with options to set system parameters. The parameters are stored in battery-backed-up CMOS RAM that saves this information when the power is turned off. When the system is turned back on, the system is configured with the values you stored in CMOS.

The BIOS provides the underlying driver for hardware resources and is the bridge between hardware and operating system. Now hardware and various applications are constantly updated. When your system encounters problems, such as the system does not support the latest published CPU, you need to upgrade your BIOS.

**NOTE:**

1. Only upgrade the BIOS if you encounter problems and need to.
2. To upgrade the BIOS, please use the BIOS read/write program attached to our driver CD or download the updated version of the program from the relevant website.



3. Do not turn off the power or reboot the system during the upgrade process, so your BIOS data will be damaged and the system may not boot.
4. After the refresh is complete, you need to manually optimize the LOAD Default.
5. To prevent accidents, please backup the current BIOS data first.

CHAPTER

4

**Driver Installation**

The KMDA-3201 comes with a CD-ROM that contains all drivers and utilities that meet your needs.

## 4.1 Follow the sequence below to install the drivers:

名称	修改日期	类型	大小
Kabylake_WIN7_64_Display	2018/11/20 18:12	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN7_64_Audio	2018/11/21 10:55	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN7_64_Chipset	2018/11/21 10:58	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN7_64_LAN	2018/11/28 16:26	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN7_64_ME	2018/11/21 10:56	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN7_64_USB 3.0	2018/11/21 10:54	文件夹	
Skylake_WIN7_64_Display	2018/11/21 10:57	文件夹	
Kabylake_WIN10_64_Display	2018/11/27 14:26	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN8_10_64_Chipset	2018/11/27 14:25	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN8_10_64_LAN	2018/11/28 16:25	文件夹	
Skylake_Kabylake_WIN8_10_64_ME	2018/11/27 14:25	文件夹	
Skylake_WIN8_10_64_Display	2018/11/27 14:25	文件夹	
0008-64bit_Win7_Win8_Win81_Win10_R281.exe	2018/8/3 10:55	应用程序	

Figure 4.1

- Step 1 – Install Display Driver
- Step 2 – Install Audio Driver
- Step 3 – Install Chipset Driver
- Step 4 – Install LAN Driver
- Step 5 – Install ME Driver
- Step 6 – Install USB3.0 Driver

Please read instructions below for further detailed installations.

## 4.2 Installation:

Insert the KMDA-3201 CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive. And install the drivers in turn.

### Step 1 – Install Display Driver

1. Double click on the Display folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

### Step 2 – Install Audio Driver

1. Double click on the Audio folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

#### Step 3 –Install LAN Driver

1. Double click on the LAN folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

#### Step 4 –Install Chipset Driver

1. Double click on the Chipset folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

#### Step 5 –Install ME Driver

1. Double click on the ME folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

#### Step 6 –Install Win7\_64-bit USB3.0 Driver

1. Double click on the Win7\_64-bit USB3.0 folder and double click on the Setup.exe
2. Follow the instructions that the window shows
3. The system will help you install the driver automatically

## 4.3 CPU TEMP LED driver

The KMDA-3201 provides temperature showing in LEDs, economic and reliable. Users can monitor the working state of the CPU according to the display of the LED. Please perform the following operations, making LEDs work normally.

Find the CPU temperature test tool folder and open it, as shown below;

Run the exe application;

**NOTE:** Please add the exe application to the startup item to ensure that the program can run when power on.





 902_Core_Temp	2018/4/2 10:46	应用程序	127 KB
 jhctech.dll	2018/3/13 14:09	应用程序扩展	34 KB
 WinRing0.dll	2016/10/23 11:33	应用程序扩展	64 KB
 WinRing0.sys	2016/10/23 11:33	系统文件	15 KB

Figure 4.2

## **4.4 Utility Software Reference**

All the utility software available from this page is Windows compliant. They are provided only for the convenience of the customer. The following software is furnished under license and may only be used or copied in accordance with the terms of the license. These software(s) are subject to change at any time without prior notice. Please refer to the support disk for available software.

CHAPTER

5



## SYSTEM RESOURCE

## 5.1 WDT and GPIO

```
/* =====
1  * void jhctech_init();
2  * function description: library initialization, This function must be called before calling other
functions
3  * parameter description:
4  * creation date:
5*=====*/
```

```
/* =====
1  * void jhctech_init();
2  * function description: library release, Pair with jhctech_init, release the library's occupied resources
when not needed
3  * parameter description:
4  * creation date:
5*=====*/
```

```
/*=====
1  * BYTE MB_gpio_input(WORD port)
2  * function description: read the motherboard GPIO input level
3  * parameter description:
Return value: return a byte (8 bit), each bit of 8 bit corresponding to the level state of a GPIO pin
```

Return value	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
GPIO pin	PIN8	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1

Parameter: port fill in motherboard GPIO number which is designed by factory

Note:

```
4  * creation date:
5*=====*/
```



```
/*=====
```

```
1  * void MB_gpio_output(WORD port,BYTE value);
```

```
2  * function description: high and low levels output of the motherboard
```

```
3  * parameter description:
```

Parameter: port fill in motherboard GPIO number which is designed by factory

Value 8 bit of a Byte, each bit controls a GPIO pin output value,

Bit =1, means output high level

Bit =0, means output low level

Value	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
GPIO pin	PIN8	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1

Note:

```
4  * creation date:
```

```
5*=====*/
```

```
/*
```

```
=====
```

```
1  * void MB_gpio_init();
```

```
2  * function description: initialization function of the motherboard gpio, This function must be called
once before using it
```

```
3  * parameter description:
```

```
4  * creation date:
```

```
5*=====*/
```

```
/*=====
```

```
1  * void watchdog_set(int time);
```

```
2  * function description: Watchdog function
```

```
3  * parameter description: time is to Set the dog feeding time, Value between 0 and 255
```

Setting 0 means to turn off the watchdog

4 \* creation date:

5\*=====\*/

/\*=====

1 \* void Second\_gpio\_mode(int port, int mode);

2 \* function description: Subcard input and output mode settings

3 \* parameter description:

Parameter: port fill in subcard GPIO number, 1 or 2

Mode 8 bit of a bit, each bit controls the input and output mode of a GPIO pin,

Bit =1, the corresponding pin is used as the input port.

Bit =0, the corresponding pin is used as an output port.

Mode	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
GPIO pin	PIN8	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1

Note: The output value is valid only when the pin is in output mode.

4 \* creation date:

5\*=====\*/

/\*=====

2 \* void Second\_gpio\_output(int port, int level);

2 \* function description: high and low levels output of the subcard

3 \* parameter description:

Parameter: port fill in subcard GPIO number, 1 or 2

Level 8 bit of a Byte, each bit controls a GPIO pin output value,

Bit =1, means output high level

Bit =0, means output low level

Level	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0

GPIO pin	PIN8	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1
----------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Note: The output value is valid only when the pin is in output mode.

4 \* creation date:

5\*=====\*/

/\*=====

1 \* int Second\_gpio\_input(int port);

2 \* function description: read the motherboard GPIO input level

3 \* parameter description:

Return value: return a byte (8 bit), each bit of 8 bit corresponding to the level state of a GPIO pin

Return value	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
GPIO pin	PIN8	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1

parameter: port fill in subcard GPIO number, 1 or 2

Note: The read value is valid only when the pin is in input mode

4 \* creation date:

5\*=====\*/

**Note:** If you want more programs of the motherboard's watchdog and subcard's GPIO, please call +86-0755-86021176-(8021)/+86-0755-86021176-(8023) for more information.